CURRICULUM

Proficiency Certificate Level

in

Midwifery

(Three year program)



Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training

Curriculum Development Division

Sanothimi, Bhaktapur

2018

ABBREVIATIONS

Essential Competencies: The ICM's 'Essential Competencies for Basic Midwifery Practice

CTEVT : Council for Technical Education and Vocational Training

FIGO : Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics
ICM : International Confederation of Midwives

KU : Kathmandu Universities

MIDSON : Midwifery Society of Nepal

MOHP : Ministry of Health and Population

NAMS : National Academy of Medical Sciences

NAN : Nursing Association of Nepal

NNC : Nepal Nursing Council

OSCE : Objective Structured Clinical Examination
OSPE : Objective Structured Practical Examination

PCL : Proficiency Certificate Level

PHC : Primary Health Care

SRMNAH : Sexual Reproductive Maternal, Newborn and Adolescent Health

SRMNH : Sexual Reproductive Maternal and Newborn Health

T/L : Teaching and Learning

TUIOM : Tribhuwan University Institute of Medicine

WKS : Weeks

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Background

The global shortage of midwives and others with midwifery skills has been widely recognized and discussed for many years. Midwives and the care they provide to women, babies and families are of the utmost importance to society. Across the globe, midwives are key professionals in ensuring that women have a safe and emotionally satisfying experience during their pregnancy, childbirth and postnatal period. The role of the midwife is as practitioners, partners and leaders in delivering and shaping the maternity services. Since Nepal has geographical difficulties and reaching to health facility is quiet challenging for women. It is utmost importance to mobilize the midwives closer to the community where the women will have access of such services. The country needs around 9000 midwives at present to provide quality reproductive health services to the woman and their newborns. The role of the midwife is as a practitioners, partner with the women and leader in delivering and shaping the maternity services where ever they reside and work.

The **vision** of this course is to develop community level midwife cadre to provide holistic reproductive health care services to every woman, leaving no one behind. They can fulfill women's health and social needs and expectations if they are well trained and educated by the institutions and back up by the government of Nepal with good retention and rotation policy.

The need of midwives is accepted since beginning of nursing education in Nepal when the four girls sent to India for midwifery education and later on the initiation of post nursing Bachelor degree in midwifery education from institute of medicine TU IOM in 1976 AD with two batches under the international teachers and unfortunately closed the course because of lack of faculty teachers. The need of skilled human resources is profoundly shouted after the "National Policy on Skilled Birth Attendant, 2006 supplementary to Safe Motherhood" which envisioned for skilled human resource development with three prongs strategies 1) Short term with SBA training, 2) Midterm with inclusion of SBA competencies in pre-service education of PCL nursing and 3) Long-term strategy is for Pre-service professional midwife production for leadership in midwifery.

Similarly, National Health Policy, 2071 also envisioned the need of skilled midwives to save mother and newborn by upgrading existing nurses especially ANMs. There should be one midwife in each ward to combat maternal and neonatal problems. The Nepal Health Sector Strategy IP (2016-2021) has key interventions as strengthen and expand midwifery education and incorporate professional midwives in health workforce, recruitment, deployment and retention plan.

In line with above three guiding policies, two academia (NAMS and KU) has already initiated post nursing Bachelor's Degree professional midwifery education in Nepal (2016) to provide independent care and take the leadership role in midwifery service for quality Sexual Reproductive Maternal, Neonatal and Adolescent Health (SRMNAH) in Nepal. Additionally, Government of Nepal needs those midwives who will placed them at peripheral health facilities of primary hospital, urban and rural health centers and health post with birthing center to provide basic emergency obstetric an newborn care (BEmONC). The suitable human resource for this purpose is certificate level midwife with competency in core skills and can work in socially and culturally accepted environment.

This PCL midwifery curriculum is the second milestone in the midwifery education focused for the community level service where the professional midwives work independently and collaboratively with other health team members to provide quality maternal and newborn health care closer to the women. The geography of the Nepal is mountain, hill and plain (tarai) regions with seven provinces where health care distribution in equity basis is challenging because of road constraints and lack of motivated health professionals to provide services in remote areas.

Development of this curriculum has been coordinated by the MOHP to bring uniformity of the curriculum contents and duration of course in upcoming academic institutions. The interested institution and academy can adopt this curriculum in their own governance and policy position.

This midwifery curriculum outlined as per the International Confederation of Midwives' (ICM) guidelines and expanded the contents with the existing SBA competencies in order to meet the changing health care needs of women and childbearing families in Nepal. The course also offers the basic knowledge in English, Nepali and social sciences applied to midwifery.

The stakeholders involved in this course development are UNFPA, NNC, MIDSON, GIZ, NAMS, and Laerdal Foundation.

Justification of PCL Midwifery Education Program

This degree will mark a shift in the students' mindset from nursing to midwifery and is an important contribution to the health and wellbeing of childbearing women and their families in Nepal especially in the rural areas focus on the assessment and care of the pregnant women and detection of risk with the associated skills in emergency obstetric care will help to address maternal and neonatal mortality and morbidity.

The programme strengthen the capacity and skill base of midwifery practice as per international standard with autonomous, critical thinking and decision making skills available to work in community and other setting. This initiation is made to bring about changes in RH indicators; maternal mortality and morbidities especially in rural areas where level of satisfaction will be high among the women and their families.

There are key aspects to this curriculum which are as follows:

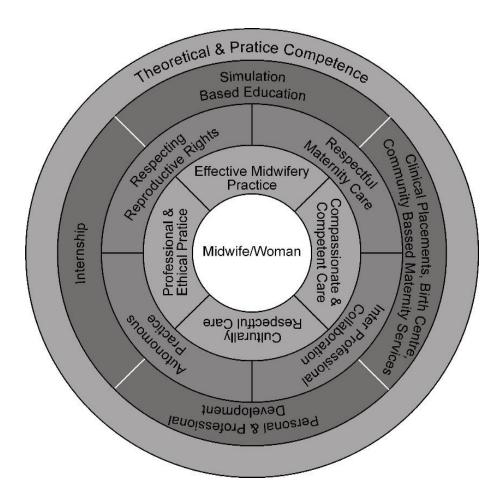
- 1. Firstly, in order to develop an autonomous independent midwife converting ANMs into midwife with small number of fresh students.
- 2. The focus within the teaching approaches is based on development of critical thinking and decision making with simulation, case study, storytelling and problem based learning approaches.
- 3. The qualified teachers, who had undergone with midwifery training for teachers as prescribed by Nepal Nursing Council will be teaching midwifery course which is competency based and international standard.
- 4. Student will be able to complete the course until she has demonstrated competence in the range of skills, attitudes and behavior required in simulation lab and with women and new born babies including independent internship.

Philosophy

The midwifery educational programme frame has the core value of midwifery learning as knowledge, skill and behavior based on competency based learning with midwifery model of care and adult learning principles with following believes:

- ❖ Midwifery model of care: The care provided by midwife is midwifery model of care with women centered care and partnership with the woman and their family.
- **Self-motivated:** The study of midwifery is a self-motivated which is fertile ground at the community and family.
- ❖ Trained in own community: The midwives should be trained in their own communities which is an integral part coordinating with local government in different provinces.
- * Right based approach: The care is based on right based approach with communication, informed consent, privacy, safety, respectful care and dignity as an autonomous practitioner.
- ❖ Competency based: The education is competency based where simulation and clinical practice are mandatory with and without supervision. The course outlined is in line with ICM core competencies, national protocols and guidelines.
- ❖ Holistic approach: The midwifery care practice is based on the boundaries of holistic approach (psycho, social, cultural and spiritual). The collaborative care with other health team members are essential when the care is complex and out of independent practice.
- ❖ Lifelong learning: Midwives must be prepared for need of continuing professional and personal development of new knowledge and skills. The education programme must deliver effective care in a multicultural environment.
- ❖ Evidence based practice and learning: Within the complex and rapidly changing health care environment, it is essential that the best available evidence informs the midwifery practice, which is based on the recent WHO recommendations

Conceptual Framework



The conceptual framework represents the preparation of the midwife. In the central, the focus is on the mother and her newborn with a midwife forming of a close professional relationship. The educational preparation of the midwife begins with understanding and learning the core qualities of professionalism, effectiveness, respectfulness, compassion and competence. Theoretical competencies continue to be developed across the three years and provision of maternity care is framed by the commitment to respecting reproductive rights and ensuring respectful maternity care. As Inter-professional collaboration is essential to facilitate midwives and medical colleagues to respond effectively to changing circumstances of the woman and her newborn has been in the surrounding environment. The student will be equipped to enter autonomous midwifery practice, confidently and competently as an added value. They will gain supervised experience across a range of clinical placements in birth centers and community based maternity services, advancing to gaining complex care experience in hospital settings. Simulation based education is the core of the education for their clinical practice and support the consolidation of skills as the course progresses. An internship period in the final year will begin the transition to practicing midwife and personal and professional development will empower the student to achieve and sustain high quality midwifery care in Nepal.

Programme Objectives

The main aim/objective of this curriculum is to prepare competent and proficient midwives who work independently at the community (Birthing center, home) and maternity units of the hospitals to provide care in her own responsibilities and make autonomous decision. The midwifery education programme will focus on developing interpersonal skills, enabling the graduate to fulfill the lead practitioner role, to be the first point of contact for women, to promote and enhance the management of normal birth, and to coordinate and provide care in high-risk and complex pregnancies and along with whole maternity pathway including respectful maternity care.

The curriculum outlines include the organization of ICM essential competencies within a threeyear time frame built upon prior health professional education such as ANM mixed with direct entry after school education examination (SEE).

- 1. To produce the certificate level professional midwives in the country for SRMNH, who will work as independently to provide care to the childbearing women and their families in partnership of women.
- 2. To equiped knowledge, skill and behavior that demonstrate independent care to the woman during pregnancy, birth and post-partum including newborns who are low risk in her own.
- 3. Designed to prepare midwife students to practice safely and effectively so that they can assume full responsibility and accountability to practice as midwives.
- 4. To collaborate with other health institutions and clinical placement sites for effective learning.
- 5. To develop conducive teaching and learning (T/L) environment for the student learn better in adult learning principles.

The role includes pregnancy care, education and counseling, assist birth, and care during post partum including newborns and other RH services preventive, promotive, curative, rehabilitative and holistic care of women, newborn and family.

Expected Outcome

At the end of the course, an independent midwife will be able to provide full scope of practice to care of the pregnant woman, assist in birth, and provide care to the post natal woman and newborns in her own leadership.

She will be able to work in peripheral health care system of Nepal as an autonomous decision maker in the field of SRMNAH including abortion related care as a qualified Midwife including referral activities and provide necessary interventions for life saving.

Program Description

This three years PCL Midwifery course is based on theory and practical learning based on global standards based on national context. The course will introduce to students from simple to complex learning environment including internship in district/primary and community level health facilities. The programme will build on knowledge, skill and professional behaviour to midwifery. The fundamentals of this shift focus on birth as a normal physical, physiological and psychosocial life event in which the midwife is a skilled, autonomous and insightful practitioner, working in relationship with the women, and families for whom she cares. She is skilled in both normal and complex birth including life saving skills in rural areas.

Curriculum Title and Duration

The curriculum entitled Proficiency Certificate Level (PCL) midwifery with total duration is three years which are arranged in each academic calendar for its smooth operation.

Student Enrollment and Development

• Entry qualification

- ANM: SLC passed or SEE with minimum C grade (GPA 2.0) with compulsory Mathematics, English & Science plus TSLC in Auxiliary Nurse Midwife (ANM) with minimum 70% Score in aggregate.
- ➤ Direct entry intake (30%): School Leaving Certificate (SLC) in 2nd division (50%) in aggregate with English, Science, and Mathematics or SEE with minimum C⁺ grade (GPA 2.4) with Compulsory Mathematics, English & Science.

Student's selection is the responsibility of the academy/institution as per demand of the MOHP. If quota is not fulfilled from one stream intake then it can be fulfilled by another stream.

• Number of Student

The maximum number of students will be 30 (Thirty) in a group at a time.

• Admission policy

- Admission should be on the basis of merit list of the entrance examination.
- > Series of attitude and aptitude test will be conducted by the institution if needed.
- Registered with the Nepal Nursing Council for ANMs.

• Pattern of attendance:

Minimum of 90% attendance in each theory and 100% in practical subject is required to appear in the respective final examination.

• Student Development

- ➤ Participation in extracurricular activities at local/ national level.
- Organization of educational exhibitions related to midwifery at least once during the whole academic program.
- > Participation in professional/social activities related to midwifery

Teaching/Learning media and materials, Midwifery Clinical Requirements, Facilities for Clinical and community Practicum, and Teaching Learning Facilities: As per minimum requirement of NNC.

• Medium of instruction

The medium of instruction will be in English and/or Nepali.

Examination and Marking Scheme:

a. Internal assessment

• Each subject will have internal assessment at regular intervals and students will get the feedback about it.

- Weightage of theory and practical marks are mentioned in evaluation scheme.
- Continuous assessment format will be developed and applied by the evaluators for evaluating student's performance in the subjects related to the practical experience.
- Student who fails in the internal assessment will not be allowed to sit in the final yearly examination and will also be not allowed continuing the following year.

b. Final examination

- Weightage of theory and practical marks are mentioned in evaluation scheme.
- Students must pass in all subjects both in theory and practical for certification. If a student becomes unable to succeed in any subject, s/he will appear in the re-examination administered by CTEVT.
- Students will be allowed to appear in the final examination only after completing the internal assessment requirements.

c. Requirement for final practical examination

- Professional of relevant subject instructor must evaluate final practical examinations.
- One evaluator in one setting can evaluate not more than 6 students.
- Practical examination should be administered in actual situation on relevant subject with the provision of at least one internal evaluator from the concerned or affiliating institute led by external evaluator nominated by CTEVT.
- Provision of re-examination will be as per CTEVT policy.

d. Final practicum evaluation will be based on:

- Institutional practicum attendance 10%
- Logbook/Practicum book maintenance 10%
- Spot performance (assigned task/practicum performance/identification/arrangement preparation/measurement) 40%
- Viva voce:
 - Internal examiner 20%
 - External examiner 20%

e. Pass marks:

• The students must secure minimum 40% marks in theory and 50% marks in practical. Moreover, the students must secure minimum pass marks in the internal assessment and in the final examination of each subject to pass the subject.

f. Provision of Back Paper

• There will be the provision of back paper but a student must pass all the subjects of all year within six years from the enrollment date; however there should be provision of chance exam for final year students as per CTEVT rules.

Grading System

The following grading system will be adopted:

- Distinction: 80% and above
- First division: 65% to below 80%
- Second division: 50 % to below 65%
- Pass division: Pass marks to Below 50%

Certification:

- Students who have passed all the components of all subjects of all three years are considered to have successfully completed the course.
- Students who have successfully completed the course will be awarded with a degree of "Proficiency Certificate Level in Midwifery".

Question Patterns for Final Written Exam

The question patterns for written exam are suggested as follows;

A. For subject with full marks 80

S. N.	Type of	No of	Weightage	Full	Time	Optional
	question	question	marks	marks	distribution	questions
1	Long	3	8	24	54 min	1
2	Short	8	4	32	72 min	2
3	Very short	12	2	24	54 min	2
	Total	23		80	180 min	

B. For subject with full marks 40

	Type of	No of	Weightage	Full	Time	Optional
	question	question	marks	marks	distribution	questions
1	Long	2	6	12	27 min	1
2	Short	4	4	16	36 min	1
3	Very short	6	2	12	27 min	1
	Total	12		40	90 min	

Course Structure

	FIRST YEAR												
SN	Code No.	Cashin a4	The	ory	Practic	al							
SIN	Code No.	Subject	Hours	Marks	Hours	Marks							
1	PCLG101	Nepali	120	100									
2	PCLG102	English	120	100									
3	PCLB103	Anatomy and physiology	100	100									
4	PCLB104	Basic science	50	50									
5	PCLM105	Foundation of midwifery I (T)	120	100									
6	PCLM106	Foundation of midwifery I (P)			240 (8 weeks)	100							
7	PCLM107	Healthy pregnancy (T)	100	100									
8	PCLM108	Healthy pregnancy (P)			120 (4 weeks)	100							
9	PCLM109	Physiological labor and child birth (T)	100	100									
10	PCLM110	Physiological labor and child birth (P)			120 (4 weeks)	100							
11	PCLM111	Healthy Postpartum and newborn (T)	100	100									
12	PCLM112	Healthy Postpartum and newborn (P)			120 (4 weeks)	100							
		Total	810	750	20 weeks	400							

	SECOND YEAR												
SN	Code No	Cubina4	The	eory	Practio	al							
SIN	Code No	Subject	Hours	Marks	Hours	Marks							
1	PCLB201	Nutrition	50	50									
2	PCLB202	Pharmacology for midwives	50	50									
3	PCLG203	Social Science and Health Promotion	50	50									
4	PCLM204	Foundation of midwifery II	100	100									
5	PCLM205	Public health for midwives (T)	150	100									
6	PCLM206	Public health for midwives (P)			180 (6 weeks)	100							
7	PCLM207	Psychology and mental health (T)	100	100									
8	PCLM208	Psychology and mental health (P)			60 (2 weeks)	50							
9	PCLM209	Complex pregnancy (T)	75	50									
10	PCLM210	Complex pregnancy (P)			150 (5 weeks)	100							
11	PCLM211	Complex labor and child birth (T)	75	50									
12	PCLM212	Complex labor and child birth (P)			150 (5 weeks)	100							
13	PCLM213	Complex post partum and newborn (T)	75	50									
14	PCLM214	Complex post partum and newborn (P)			150 (5 weeks)	100							
		Total	725	600	23 weeks	450							

	THIRD YEAR												
SN	Code No.	Subject	The	eory	Practical								
SIN	Code No.		Hours Marks		Hours	Marks							
1	PCLM301	Professional development for midwives (T)	100	100									
2	PCLM302	Professional development for midwives (P)			72 (2 weeks)	50							
3	PCLM303	Sexual and Reproductive Health for midwives (T)	150	100									
4	PCLM304	Sexual and Reproductive Health for midwives (P)			180 (6 weeks)	100							
5	PCLG305	Leadership and management for midwives (T)	150	100									
6	PCLG306	Leadership and management for midwives (P)			240 (6 weeks)	100							
7	PCLM307	Internship	-		720 (20 weeks)	200							
			400	300	34 weeks	450							

Evaluation Scheme

FIRST YEAR

			Tl	neory Cours	se			Pr	actical Cou	rse			
S. N.	Subject			Marks	Distribu	ıtion			Marks	Distribu	ıtion	Total	Total
5.14.	Subject	Total Hours	Total Mark	Internal	Final	Exam Hours	Total Hours	Total Mark	Internal	Final	Exam Hours	Hours	Mark
1	English	120	100	20	80	3						120	100
2	Nepali	120	100	20	80	3						120	100
3	Anatomy and Physiology	100	100	20	80	3						100	100
4	Basic Science	50	50	10	40	1.5						50	50
5	Foundation of Midwifery l	120	100	20	80	3	240	100	50	50	3	360	200
6	Healthy Pregnancy	100	100	20	80	3	120	100	50	50	3	220	200
7	Physiological Labour and Childbirth	100	100	20	80	3	120	100	50	50	3	220	200
8	Healthy Postpartum and Newborn	100	100	20	80	3	120	100	50	50	3	220	200
First Y	ear Total	810	750	150	600		600	400	200	200		1410	1150

SECOND YEAR

			Т	heory Cour	rse			Pra	actical Cour	:se			Total
S. N.	Subject			Marks	Distribu	tion			Marks	Distribu	ıtion	Total	
5.14.	Subject	10tal 10tal		Total Hours	Total Mark	Internal	Final	Exam Hours	Hours	Mark			
1	Nutrition	50	50	10	40	1.5						50	50
2	Pharmacology for Midwives	50	50	10	40	1.5						50	50
3	Social Science and Health Promotion	50	50	10	40	1.5						50	50
4	Foundation of Midwives II	100	100	20	80	3						100	100
5	Public Health for Midwives	150	100	20	80	3	180	100	50	50	3	330	200
6	Psychological and Mental Health	100	100	20	80	3	60	50	25	25	2	160	150
7	Complex Pregnancy	75	50	10	40	1.5	150	100	50	50	3	255	150
8	Complex Labour and Childbirth	75	50	10	40	1.5	150	100	50	50	3	255	150
9	Complex Postpartum and Newborn	75	50	10	40	1.5	150	100	50	50	3	255	150
Second	l Year Total	725	600	120	480		690	450	225	225		1505	1050

THIRD YEAR

			Т	heory Cour	rse			Pra					
S. N.	Subject			Marks	Distribu	tion			Marks	Distribu	Total	Total	
5.14.		Total Hours	Total Mark	Internal	Final	Exam Hours	Total Hours	Total Mark	Internal	Final	Exam Hours	Hours	Marks
1	Professional Development for Midwives	100	100	20	80	3	72	50	25	25	3	172	150
2	Sexual and Reproductive Health for Midwives	150	100	20	80	3	180	100	50	50	3	330	200
3	Leadership & Management for midwives	150	100	20	80	3	240	100	50	50	3	390	200
4	Internship						720	200	100	100		720	200
	Third year Total	400	300	60	240		1212	750	375	375		1612	750

Master Plan for First Year

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	Study Block												Vacation													
28		29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	
For	ındat	ion o	f Mic	lwife	ry I				Hea	lthy			Phy	siolo	gical		Hea	lthy			Rev	ision	Fina	al Exa	am	
									Preg	gnanc	сy		Lab	our a	nd		Pos	tpartı	ım ar	nd	Clas	SS				
									Childbirth Newborn																	

S.N.	Subject	Weeks	Shift	Hours	Weeks Distribution
1.	Foundation of Midwifery	8	Morning (6 weeks x 5days x 6hrs)	180	
			Evening (2 weeks x 5days x 6hrs)	60	Study Block = 21 weeks
2.	Health Pregnancy	4	Morning (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	Clinical Field = 20 weeks
			Evening (2 week x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	Vacation = 6 weeks
					Revision = 2 weeks
3.	Physiological Labour and	4	Morning (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	Final exam = 3 weeks
	Childbirth		Evening (2 week x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	
4.	Healthy Postpartum and	4	Morning (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs	60	
	Newborn		Evening (2 week x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	

नेपाली

कोर्ष कोड नं.: पिसिएलजी १०१ वर्ष: प्रथम

पाठ्यांशको बिबरण

यो पाठ्यांश प्रवीणता प्रमाणपत्र तहमा अध्ययन गर्ने विद्यार्थीहरूका लागि नेपाली भाषाको व्याकरणात्मक ज्ञान र सुभको विकासका साथै पठनबोध र अभिव्यक्ति क्षमताको विकास गर्ने दृष्टिले राखिएको हो । यसलाई मुख्यत: दुई खण्डमा बांडिएको छ: व्याकरण खण्ड र बोध (अभिव्यक्ति) खण्ड । व्याकरण अन्तर्गत वर्ण, वर्णिवन्यास, शब्दवर्ग, रूपायन, शब्द निर्माण र वाक्यसम्बन्धी पाठ्यवस्तुहरू राखिएका छन् भने बोध÷अभिव्यक्ति अन्तर्गत सामान्य बोध र प्रयोजनपरक बोधका साथै अभिव्यक्ति रचनाका लागि अपेक्षित सीपहरू र समीक्षाका लागि साहित्यिक विधाका पाठहरू समाविष्ट छन ।

पाठøांशको उद्देश्य:

यो पाठ्यांश पूरा गरेपछि विद्यार्थीहरू निम्नलिखित कुरामा सक्षम हुनेछन् :

- १. कथ्यभाषा र लेख्यभाषाका बीचको भिन्नता पहिल्याउन ।
- २. अभिव्यक्तिमा प्रयोग हुने शब्दहृ को उपयुक्त वर्णविन्यास लेख्न ।
- ३. शब्दहरूका स्रोत, बनोट र वर्ग-पहिचान गर्न, रूपायन गर्न र निर्माण गर्न ।
- ४. वाक्यतत्व र वाक्यान्तरणका कडीहरू बुभेर आफ्ना अभिव्यक्तिमा तिनको उपयुक्त प्रयोग गर्न ।
- ५. खास वाक्यतत्वसंग सम्बद्ध ढांचा र सर्न्दभका आधारमा अनुच्छेद रचना गर्न ।
- ६. स्तर अनुरूप पाठ्यसामग्रीमा प्रयुक्त शब्दहरूका आधारमा शब्दभण्डारको विस्तार गर्न ।
- ७. बोध र संक्षेपीकरणका पाठ्यसामग्रीमा प्रयुक्त शब्दहरूका आधारमा शब्दभण्डारको विस्तार गर्न ।
- ज्ञान-विज्ञानका विभिन्न शीर्षकहरूमा स्वतन्त्र रूपमा अनुच्छेद र निबन्ध रचना गर्न ।
- ९. तोकिएका आधारमा साहित्यिक कृतिहरूको समीक्षा गर्न ।

खण्ड १: नेपाली व्याकरण

पाठ्यघण्टा : ६० पूर्णाङ्क : ५०

110 13	·CI : 40	पूजाङ्ग : र	
एकाइ	पाठ्य विषयको विवरण	पाठघण्टा	अङ्क
٩.	वर्ण र वर्णिवन्यास : (क) उच्चार्य वर्णहरूको परिचय : • स्वर र व्यञ्जन वर्णहरू • देवनागरी लिपि र उच्चार्य नेपाली वर्णहरू • नेपाली अक्षरहरूको संरचना, अक्षरीकरण र अक्षरसंख्या निर्धारण	5	ĸ
	 (ख) वर्ण विन्यास : कथ्य र लेख्य नेपाली भाषामा भिन्नता इस्व-दीर्घ (इ, उ), स/श/ष, ब/व, व/ओ, य/ए, ऋ/रि, क्ष/छे, क्ष्य/छ्य, शिरविन्दु र चन्द्रविन्दु, हलन्त, पदयोग र पदवियोग तथा लेख्य चिन्ह सम्बन्धी अशुद्धि संशोधन अभ्यास 	8	
₹.	शब्द भण्डारः शब्दवर्ग, शब्दरूपायन र शब्दिनर्माण	98	92
₹.	(क) वाक्यत्तत्व: उद्देश्य र विधेयको पहिचान• क्रिया र यसका प्रकार	१९	२०

 वाक्यका प्रकार: सरल र जिटल वाक्यको पिहचान वाक्य संश्लेषण र विश्लेषण िलé, वचन, पुरुष र आदरका आधारमा कर्ता र क्रियापदका बीचको संकृति सम्बन्धी अभ्यास विशेष्य र विशेषण र नाम र सर्वनामको बीचको संकृति सम्बन्धी अभ्यास विभक्तिनियम तथा ले, लाई, देखि, बाट, बारा, को, का, की, रो, रा, री, नो, ना, नी, मा आदि विभक्ति प्रयोगको अभ्यास सरल र तिर्यक् विभक्ति नियमको अभ्यास 		
 (ख) वाक्यान्तरण : • विभिन्न काल, पक्ष, भाव, अकरण, वाच्य, प्रेरणार्थक, उक्ति आदिमा वाक्यान्तरण गर्ने अभ्यास 	90	90

खण्ड खः बोध तथा अभिव्यक्ति

पाठ्यघण्टा : ६० पूर्णाङ्क : ५०

पाठ्यघ	पाठ्यघण्टा : ६०			
एकाइ	पाठ्य विषयको विवरण	पाठघण्टा	अङ्क	
٩.	बोध र शव्दभण्डार	97	9२	
	चिकित्सा विज्ञानसम्बन्धि गद्यांशहरूको बोध र शब्दभण्डारको अभ्यास			
	चिकित्सा, शल्य चिकित्सा तथा स्वास्थ्य विज्ञानसम्बन्धी प्राविधिक शब्दहरूको			
	ज्ञान अभ्यास (अर्थ लेख्ने र अर्थ खूल्ने गरी वाक्यमा प्रयोग गर्ने)			
	इन्द्रलुप्त, उत्क्लेस, ज्वर, पाण्डुरोग, प्रमेह, मधुमेह, पित्तदोस, प्रदर (१. रक्तपदर,			
	२. स्वेतप्रदर) क्षयरोग, नशच्छोदन, रक्तचाप, उच्च रक्तचाप, न्यून रक्तचाप,			
	गर्भपात / पतन, हृदयरोग, पाचनिक्रया, पित्तविकार, रक्तविकार, चिकित्सा, निदान,			
	परिचारिका, प्रसववेदना, प्रसुति, औषधालय, चिरफार, बहिरंग, हिक्का, हरिताल			
	पार्नु, हरिनाश, हियो उठ्नु, वातज्वर, सिफर पिल्टनु, सिङ्गारू, सेपाउनु, सप्को			
	गर्नु, सिन्नपात, सिभपात, शल्य चिकित्सा, शूल, शल्योपचार, मासु फरफराउनु,			
	माथा विग्रनु, माटे, माई, भूंग्रेज्वरो, बेर्नु निस्कनु, बालतोड, बाथ, बान लाग्नू,			
	बाउंडिनु, बहलाग्नु, बमन, विरेचन, फुस्रिनु, फुलो पर्नु, फाकफुक, पौंठा बस्नु,			
	पेट् बटारिन, पेट काट्न, पेट पोल्नु, पिनाश, पाछनु, निसलोठ, धम्की, दोख,			
	दमै खटिरो, दम, डकार्नु, ठेउला, भुसिलो डकार् आउनु, भिजो मान्नु, भाडा,			
	जिरिङ्ग गर्नु, जल गडा, जनै खिटरा, जगाउनु, छोप्नु, छेर्न्, चिल्चिलाउँनु, चिप्रा			
	बस्नु, चस्का पर्नु, घमौरा, गला लाग्नु, गलगण्डु, गलफुलो (हांडे), गोला चल्नु,			
	गानो चल्नु, खरापानी लाग्नु, कण्डु, कुण्ठ, कोर, कोख, कैंठिनु, कुंजो, कांसो			
	लाग्नु, काँस, काम्नु, कामज्वर, कांडो, कांध लाग्नु, काई लाग्नु, कब्जियत,			
	औसनी लाग्नु, औडाहा चल्नु, ओछ्यान पर्नु, ओख्त मुलो, ओइलाउनु, ऐंठन,			
	उभर्को लाग्नु, उदररोग, उपर्तली, उकुच पल्टनु, अर्बुद, अजीर्ण, अपस्मार, आन्द्रा			
	बटार्नु, आंत, आंठी गांठी, आंठे, आंड् चल्नु, आंक्तो, आउं, अरूची, अम्मल,			
	अमल पित्त, अमन हुनु, अग्नी जाग्नु, अतिसार, अंधो खटिरा, स्वेदन ।			

२	संक्षेपीकरण :		8	8
	• बुंदा टिपोट तथा संक्षेपीकरण गर्ने अभ्यास			
	 अन्च्छेद, पत्र, निवेदन, विज्ञापन र प्रतिवेदन लेख 	वन		
	 ज्ञान विज्ञान र प्रविधिसंग सम्बन्धित विभिन्न 			
	अनुच्छेद लेख्ने अभ्यास			
3	निवन्ध लेखन :		90	5
	• निबन्ध योजना र सोसंग सम्बन्धित बुंदा अनुज	रूप अनुच्छेद गठनको	١٠	5
	अभ्यास	Č		
	• वस्तुपरक र भावपरक निवन्ध लेखनको अभ्यास			
8	कृति समीक्षा :		3 8	ລເ
	विषयवस्तु, कथानक, पात्र, परिवेश, सन्देश, शी		۷ ۰	२६
	आधारमा निम्नलिखित रचनाहरूको समीक्षात्मक	अभ्यास:		
	कथा :			
	• गुरू प्रसाद मैनाली छिमेकी			
	• विश्वेश्वरप्रसाद कोइराला सिपाही			
	• इन्द्रबहादुर राई रातभरि हुरी च			
	• रमेश विकल मधुमालतीको क	ज्था		
	निवन्ध :			
	• लक्ष्मी प्रसाद देवकोटा पहाडी जीवन	r		
	• शंकर लामिछाने एक पत्र सम्पाद	· ·		
	• भैरव अर्याल महापुरूषको संग	แน		
	कविता :			
		r (1		
	 पारिजात मानूषी गोपाल प्रसाद रिमाल आमाको सप् 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		
	 गापाल प्रसाद रिमाल आमाका सप् माधव प्रसाद धिमिरे नेपालै नरा 			
		6		
	नाटक :	ोको सपना		
	📗 🕶 विराम मल्ला - अहुला कार्य	ווירט מיוו		

द्रष्टव्य :

२० प्रतिशत अङ्क आन्तरिक मूल्याङ्कनका लागि छुटचाइएको छ भने ८० प्रतिशत अङ्क अन्तिम मूल्याङ्कनका लागि छुटचाइएको छ।

सहायक पुस्तकहरू (सम्बद्ध अंश मात्र):

- मोहनराज शर्मा, शब्द रचना र वर्ण-विन्यास वाक्यत्तत्व र अभिव्यक्ति, काठमाण्डौ बुक सेन्टर, काठमाण्डौ
- चित्र कुमार गुरूङ्ग एम्.एस्सी.र केदार न्यौपाने एम्.ए., प्राविधिक शब्दार्थावली (चिकित्सा तथा विज्ञान खण्ड), त्रिभुवन विश्वविद्यालय, चिकित्सा शाश्त्र अध्ययन संस्थान, अनुसन्धान शाखा, महाराजगंज, काठमाण्डौ ।
- त्रि.वि. पाठ्यक्रम विकास केन्द्र, अनिवार्य नेपाली शिक्षण निर्देशन, काठमाण्डौ
- सागरमणि पाण्डेय, ईश्वरी पाण्डेय, अनिवार्य नेपाली, रत्नसागर प्रा.लि., काठमाण्डौ
- टीकाहरि बराल र अन्य, सीटीइभीटी अनिवार्य नेपाली ।

ENGLISH

Course Code No.: PCLG102 Placement: First Year

Theory: 120 hours Full Marks: 100
Credit Hour: 8 Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This is an integrated general English course, which treats English as a medium for communication and as a means to knowledge and skill related to health. It provides a remedial refresher course including basic English grammar and structures and use of a dictionary, tools for receiving and imparting information effectively, and exposure to poems, essays and stories which are interesting and informative topics of global interest. This course provides a bridge between secondary and university English.

Course Objectives

On completion of the course student will be enabled to:

- Use English for academic and communicative purposes.
- Demonstrate functional, notional and grammatical skill in English language usage.
- UseEnglish structures in informal communication.
- Analyze the prescribed texts related to different literary genres.
- Answer the questions based on the reading texts.
- Produce different types of free compositions

Contents:

Part 1: Grammar

Unit 1: Link English	Theory Time Hrs. 10				
Objectives:	Contents				
 Use English dictionary appropriately Differentiate American and British English spelling Enrich English vocabulary Form English sentences correctly 	 Dictionary Skills: Alphabetic order, dictionary quarter system, guide words, head words etc. British and American English: spelling differences Word formation process through affixes (prefix and suffix), vocabulary Sentence formation 				
Unit 2: Comparison	Theory Time Hrs. 5				
Objectives	Contents				
 Apply the structures for making comparisons using adjectives and adverbs 	 Comparatives and superlatives forms of Adjectives Comparative and superlatives and there uses Other ways of comparing things 				
Unit 3: Prepositions	Theory Time Hrs. 5				

Objectives	Contents			
Apply the prepositions 'in', 'on' and 'at' in different contexts.	 Prepositions of Place: on, in, at Prepositions of Time: on, in, at Prepositions with forms of transport 			
Unit 4: Tenses	Theory Time Hrs. 8			
Objectives	Contents			
 Use present tenses, past tenses and perfect tenses in different situations. Talk about the future using 'will' and 'going to' Talk about the future using present tense 	Auxiliary verbs: be, have, do The Present Tenses The past tenses The perfect tense Talking about the present tense Talking about the past Reporting the past Talking about the future using 'will' and 'going to' Talking about the future using present tense			
Unit 5: Mood	Theory Time Hrs. 7			
Objectives	Contents			
 Apply the structures for making yes/no questions beginning with auxiliary or modal. Use Question tags Use indirect questions to ask for information or help. Use negative sentence with "not" 	 Questions Wh – words Question tags- forms Question tags – uses Indirect and reported questions Negative sentence with "not" 			
Unit 6: Modals	Theory Time Hrs. 7			
 Objectives Introduce modals Use modals for probability, certainty, permission, instructions, request and suggestions. 	 Contents Instructions to modals Modal negative and questions Can/ could, may/ might- possibility Cannot, can't, must, ought, should, will- probability and certainty. Can , could , may – permission Can/could, will/ would – Instructions and requests Can/could,might, shall - suggestions 			
Unit 7: The Passive	Theory Time Hrs. 4			
Objectives	Contents			
 Transform the active voice into passive. Use 'it' and 'there' as impersonal subjects 	 The passive voice "It" as impersonal subject There' as impersonal subject 			

Unit 8: Reporting	Theory Time Hrs. 4
Objectives	Contents
 Make reporting structures using 'that clause'. Perform reporting and order, request and advise. 	 Reporting structures- 'that clause' Other report structures
Unit 9: Sentence Structures	Theory Time Hrs. 10
Objectives	Contents
 Use time clauses in various situations. Make conditional clauses with 'if' and 'unless'. Use defining and non-defining relative clauses. 	 Time clauses Conditional clauses using 'If' Conditional clauses using modals and 'unless' Defining Relative clauses Non- Defining Relative clauses Changing the focus of a sentence Cohesion: Making connection in speech and writing
Unit 10: Free Writing	Theory Time Hrs. 07
Objectives	Contents
 Write free paragraphs Write free and guided essays Write Letters Write technical and academic report Compose Dialogues 	 Paragraph Writing Essay Writing Letter Writing Report Writing (Technical and academic report) Making Dialogues
Unit 11: Comprehension Passage	Theory Time Hrs. 03
and Terminologies	
Objectives	Contents
 Answer the short questions based on the passage. Define Common Medical Terminologies 	 Passages related to Medical Issues Common Medical Terminologies

Part 2: Extensive reading (Literature)

The Magic of Words (collection of	Theory Time Hrs. 50
poetry, essays, prose)	
Objectives	Contents
Unit 1: Poems	Theory hrs. $(4*3 = 12)$
	My Heart Leaps Up When I Behold, William Wordsworth
	The Poplar Field, William Cowper
	Keeping Things Whole, Mark Strand
	On the Vanity of Earthly Greatness, Arthur Guiterman

Unit 2: Supernatural Stories	Theory hrs. $(4*3 = 12)$		
	The Recurring Dream		
	The Lost Doll		
	The House Call		
	The Loving Mother		
Unit 3: Stories	Theory hrs. $(2*3 = 06)$		
	A Worn Path, Eudora Welty		
	The Gardener		
Unit 4: Essays	Theory hrs. $(4*4 = 16)$		
	Speaking of Children, Barbara Holland		
	The Nightmare Life Without Fuel, Isaac Asimov		
	Ooops! Hows' That Again, Roger Rosen Blatt		
	The Six Million Dollar Man, Harold J. Morowitz		
Unit 5: Drama/Play	Theory hrs. 4		
	Malini, Rabindra Nath Tagore,		

Recommended texts

- 1. Link English, Sajhaprakashan,
- 2. The Magic of Words (collection of poetry, essays, prose)
- 3. W. Dave (2011), Students Grammar, the University of Brigham, London; Harper Collins Publishers.

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

The final assessment 80 marks will be divided as follows;

Magic of Words: 25 Marks
 Link English: 10 Marks
 Student Grammar: 20 Marks
 Free Writing: 15 Marks
 Passage: 10 Marks

ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Course Code No.: PCLB103 Placement: First Year

Total Hours: 100 (Theory 64 hours + Skill lab 36 hours)

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This course provides the student with a basic knowledge and understanding of the normal structure and function of the human body. The contents prepare for the midwifery student to understand the application of this knowledge to the physiological adaptation in pregnancy, birth, postnatal, fetal and neonatal period.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Explain about the structures of different organs of human body systems.
- Describe the functions of the organs of different human body systems.
- Discuss about the functions of various male and female reproductive hormones.
- Explain the reproductive physiology of male and female.

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Systems	Define the suffix	3 1 3 23 7	6 hours	Interactive	Anatomical	Class test:
Approach to	and prefix used in	various suffix and prefix used in anatomy	(4 hours	lecture,	model	oral, written
the Human	anatomy and physiology, and	and physiology	theory, 2	Brain	charts	(Multiple
Body	different terms.	1.2 Define: Different terminologies used in	hours Skill	storming		Choice
	641161611	various systems	lab)		Multi-	Question,
		1.3 Content of main cavities			media	

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
2. Introduction to cells and tissues	Demonstrate an understanding of the cavities and anatomical position of the body. Describe the range of motion exercise. Explain the structure and function of cells, membranes, glands, cartilage. Describe the mitosis and meiosis cell division process and its significance.	 Cranial, thoracic, abdominal, and pelvic. 1.4 Anatomical position of the body Anterior, posterior superior, inferior, proximal, distal, dorsal, ventral, palmer, lateral, supine, prone. 1.5 Range of motion Flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, rotation, circumduction, supination, pronation, opposition, 2.1 The structure and functions of human cell 2.2 Cell division Mitosis, Meiosis Signification of mitosis and meiosis 2.3 The structure and function of tissues Epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue, nervous tissue 2.4 Functions of membranes(meninges, pleura, pericardium, peritonium), glands (exogland and endocrine), cartilage 	6 hours	Demonstration and practice Interactive lecture, Brain storming	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions Questions and answers (Multiple Choice Question, Short Answer Question)
3. Body fluid and electrolyte	Explain the fluid and electrolyte distribution in human body. Explain the acid and base balance	 3.1 Fluid and electrolyte distribution Intracellular fluid and electrolytes Extracellular fluid and electrolytes Important function of body fluid Body fluid and electrolyte balance Importance of fluid and electrolyte balance in health 	8 hours	Interactive lecture, Brain storming	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia Videos	Questions and answers (Multiple Choice Question,

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	mechanism in human body. Explain conditions related to fluid and electrolyte imbalance and its management.	 Definition of acid and base Mechanism to maintain acid base balance Respiratory system Urinary system Buffer mechanism Acidosis and alkalosis 3.3 Fluid and electrolyte imbalances Different conditions related to fluid and electrolyte imbalance Dehydration/ Over hydration Hypo/Hyperkalemia Hypo/Hypernatremia Hypo/Hyperradcemia Hypo/Hypermagnesemia 3.4 Ways of replacement Oral rehydration therapy Naso-gastric replacement Intravenous replacement Types of rehydration solution Hypotonic Hypotonic Isotonic 				Short Answer Question)
4. Introduction to Blood and	Describe the composition of blood.	4.1 BloodComposition of blood: Cells, Plasma, Coagulation factors	10 hours	Interactive lecture,	Anatomical model, charts	Class test oral written

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
cardiovascular system	Explain the coagulation mechanism. Describe the structure and function of heart, blood vessels Innumerate the different branches of main blood vessels	 Types of cells and function Functions of blood Blood grouping and Rhesus factor Mechanism of haemostasis Rh incompatibility in pregnancy 4.2Heart Structure and functions of heart External and internal structure of heart Cardiac cycle Conducting system of heart Heart sound Normal blood flow in heart Stroke volume Cardiac out put 4.3 Blood Vessels Structure and Function of blood vessels Main blood vessels and their branches: Aorta, circle of willis, coronary artery, upper limb(brachial, radial), and lower limb(femoral, popliteal) 4.4 Blood Pressure(systolic pressure, diastolic pressure, pulse pressure, mean pressure) 	(theory: 6 hours+ skill lab: 4 hours)	Brain storming Demonstration and practice	Multimedia Videos	Question and answer

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
5. Introduction to Lymphatic System	Explain difference between adult and fetal circulation. Explain the structure and function of lymphatic system. Describe different defense mechanism of human body. Describe the function of different immunoglobulin	 4.5 Pulse: different types and common sites to take pulse 4.6 Types of circulation Pulmonary circulation Systematic circulation Portal circulation Fetal circulation 5.1 Structure and function of lymphatic system 5.2 Lymphatic vessels 5.3 Lymphatic organs and tissues Lymph nodes (major lymph nodes: cervical, axillary, inguinal, mesenteric) Spleen Thymus Tonsils/ Peyer's patches 5.4 Defense mechanism of body: specific and non- specific) 5.5 Immunoglobulin: Types and function IgG, IgA, IgM, IgE	5 hours Theory: 3 hours + skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers
6. Introduction to Muscular System	Explain the types, structure and function of muscles	 6.1 Muscles: Types, structure and functions Voluntary Involuntary Cardiac 6.2 Principal skeletal muscle 	6 hours (theory: 4 hours+ Skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming	Anatomical model, charts	Questions and answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents Strenocledomastiod, trapezeus, bicep, triceps, deltoid ,gluteal ,quadriceps , calf muscles and pelvic floor muscle, rectus muscles, diaphragm Action of the muscles in relation to force 6.3 Physiology of muscle contraction and relaxation	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods Demonstration	T/L Media Multimedia	Evaluation (Multiple Choice Question, Short Answer Question)
7. Introduction to Skeletal System	Explain the development of bone, joints, cartilages and ligaments Innumerate different bones of human body Explain regulation of calcium in body	 7.1 Definition: Bone, Joint, cartilage and ligament 7.2 Development of bone 7.3 Suture and fontanelles 7.4 Bones: Types and function Long/short/flat/irregular/sesamoid 7.5 Skeleton Name Axial/ Appendicular bones 7.6 Joint: Types and function Fixed/cartilaginous/synovial Mechanism of joint movement and its relation to the principles of lever 7.7 Role of bone in calcium regulation in blood 	8 hours (theory: 4 hours + Skill lab: 4 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers (Multiple Choice Question, Short Answer Question)
8. Introduction to Respiratory System	Explain the structures and functions of different	8.1 Structure and function of different parts of respiratory organs	8 hours (theory: 4+ skill lab: 4 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming	Anatomical model, charts	Questions and answers

			Time			
Unit	Objectives	Contents	Theory/Skill	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
			Lab			
	respiratory organs.	 Nose and nasal cavity, Sinuses, Pharynx, Larynx, Trachea, Lungs, 		Demonstration	Multimedia Videos	
	Describe the mechanism of respiration. Explain the exchange of gases Explain the physiology of voice production	Pharynx, Larynx, Trachea, Lungs, Bronchi and Bronchioles, Alveoli 8.2 Respiratory muscles • Intercostal muscle and Diaphragm • Accessory muscles: sternocleidomastoid, abdominal muscles 8.3 Mechanism of respiration(inspiration, expiration and pause) 8.4 Lung sounds: normal and abnormal(vesicular, bronchial, wheeze and crepitation) 8.5 Exchange of gases (O2 and CO2): • External respiration • Internal respiration • Respiration in relation to Boyle's law 8.6 Physiology of voice production 8.7 Capacity of lung • Tidal volume, inspiratory reserve volume, Inspiratory capacity, functional residual capacity, Expiratory reserve volume, residual volume, vital capacity, total lung capacity, dead space			Videos	

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
9. Introduction to Digestive System	Name the different digestive organs. Explain the structure and functions of each digestive organ. Describe the physiology of digestion of foods.	 9.1 Definition Digestive system Ingestion, Digestion, Absorption, Excretion 9.2 Structure and function Digestive organs involved in digestive system: Mouth, tongue, Esophagus, Stomach, Small intestine, Large intestine, Rectum, Anus 9.3 Structure and function Accessory organs: Pairs of salivary glands, pancreas, liver, gall bladder and biliary duct 9.4 Teeth: Types, structure and functions: Temporary and Permanent Age of eruption 9.5 Physiology of digestion of foods(carbohydrate, protein, and fat) 9.6 Bowel sounds 	6 hours (theory: 4 hours+ skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers
10. Introduction to Urinary System	List out the organs of urinary system. Explain the structure and	 10.1 Structure and function of urinary system Kidney(external and internal structure – Nephron) Ureter Urinary bladder Urethra 	4 hours (theory: 2 hours + skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers

			Time			
Unit	Objectives	Contents	Theory/Skill	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Objectives		Lab			
	functions of	10.2 Composition of urine and mechanism of				
	urinary system.	urine formation				
	Discuss the	Glomerular filtrationSelective reabsorption				
	mechanism of	Tubular secretion				
	urine formation.	10.3 Mechanism of micturition				
11. Introduction	Explain the	11.1 Introduction: neuron Nerve, neuroglia,	6 hours	Interactive	Anatomical	Questions
to Nervous	structure and	synapse, nerve transmission	(theory: 4	lecture and	model,	and answers
System	function of	11.2 Types of nerves- sensory, motor, mixed	hours + Skill	discussion	charts	
	different parts of	11.3 Mechanism of stimuli transmission	lab: 2 hours)			
	nervous system.	11.4 The central nervous system		Brain	Multimedia	
		• Covering membrane (meninges)		storming	Videos	
		• Cerebrum				
		• Cerebellum				
		Brain stem(Mid brain, pons, medulla oblongata)				
		 Ventricles 				
		Spinal cord11.5 Cerebrospinal fluid: composition,				
		regulation and functions.				
		11.6 The peripheral nervous system				
		Spinal nerve				
		Cranial nerve				
		 Autonomic nervous system 				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
12. Introduction	Explain the	12.1 Female reproductive organ	16 hours	Interactive	Anatomical	Class test:
12. Introduction to Reproductive System	Explain the structure and functions of different female reproductive organs. Explain the physiology of menstruation and lactation. Explain the structure and	 Growth and development of female reproductive organs Structure and functions of external and internal reproductive organs Blood and nerve supply to these organs Uterus support – ligamenst and muscles Female reproductive hormones Primary and secondary sex characteristics: puberty 12.2 Physiology: Menstruation cycle and Menopause 12.3 Mammary gland: Mammogenesis, structure and functions, physiology of 	16 hours (theory: 8 hours + skill lab: 8 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Class test: (oral, written)
	functions of different male reproductive organs. Discuss about the physiology of reproduction.	lactation 12.4 Male reproductive organs • Growth and development of male reproductive organs • Structure and function of male reproductive organs • Blood and nerve supply to these organs • Male reproductive hormones • Primary and secondary sex characteristics: Puberty				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory/Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		12.5 Physiology of reproduction: gamatogenesis, fertilization, implantation				
13. Introduction to Endocrine System	Describe the hormones produced by different gland and their functions.	13.1 Structure and function of endocrine glands and their hormones • Hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid gland islets of Langerhans, gonads-ovary and testes, adrenal gland, 13.2 Hormone produced by different glands and its functions	6 hours (theory: 4 hours + skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers
14. Introduction to Special Sensory Organ	Explain the structure and functions of different sensory organs	 14.1 Structure and function of the sensory organs Skin- dermis, epidermis, nail, Eyes- eye ball, vision, visual pathway, accommodation, refraction error Ears- external ear, middle ear, inner ear, physiology of hearing Nose Tongue 	5 hours (theory: 3 hours + Skill lab: 2 hours)	Interactive lecture, Brain storming Demonstration	Anatomical model, charts Multimedia	Questions and answers

EVALUATION SCHEME

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80% of total marks)

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- Wangh & Grant, A, Ross and Wilson. (2018). Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness 13th ed.: Churchill Livingstone Elsevier.
- Macdonald, S, and Johnson, G Mayes Midwifery. 15th edition. (2017): Elsevier.
- Chevalking H, Tuladhar K, Shrestha U. Integrated Science Related to Health, (2005); HLMC, IOM.

BASIC SCIENCE

Course Code No.: PCLB104

Total Hours: 50 (Theory: 36 hours; skill lab: 14 hours)

Total Credit Hours: 3

Placement: First year

Full Marks: 50 Pass Marks: 20

Course Description

This course provides an introduction to basic science for student midwives. This course will provide an introduction to basic chemistry. This course includes biochemistry relevant to midwifery knowledge and practice. Students will then develop an understanding of the basic concepts of microbiology, including bacteriology, parasitology and virology related to midwifery in Nepal. The students will develop an understanding of prevention of infection, including universal precautions, control, sterilization, and disinfection. Clinical specimen collection and laboratory testing will also be included within this course.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Define the meaning of chemistry, biochemistry and microbiology in relation to healthcare.
- Describe the elements and compounds of the human body.
- Outline the processes of metabolism within the human body.
- Discuss micro-organisms within the context of risk to health.
- Outline the organisms and parasites most commonly occurring.
- Explain nosocomial infection and ways of reducing the risk to health within a health facility environment.
- Describe the steps necessary in the collection and transportation of the clinical specimens for identification of clinically important pathogens.
- Explain the techniques involved in culture and sensitivity tests of clinical specimens.

		a	Time		T 7 7 1	
Unit	Objectives	Contents	allocation Theory	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Introduction to basic sciences for midwifery practice	Define the meaning of chemistry, biochemistry and microbiology in relation to healthcare.	1.1 Definition of:ChemistryBiochemistryMicrobiology	2 hours	Interactive Lecture and discussion	Power-point presentation	Question and answer
2. Basic Chemistry	Define and explain the basic concepts of biochemistry	2.1 Basic concepts of matter, atomic structure, chemical bonds, gases, liquid, and solids, solutions, chemical reactions, acid, bases, and salt; organic and biochemistry including hydrocarbons and their derivatives, carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, enzymes, vitamins, and minerals, nucleic acids;	8 hours (6 hours theory, 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion	Power-point presentation	Question and answer MCQ
3. Elements and	Describe the	3.1 Acidity, Alkalinity, pH,	6 hours	Interactive	Power-point	MCQ
compounds of	elements and	Diffusion, Buffers, Osmosis	(4 hours	Lecture and	presentation	
the human body	compounds of the human body.	and osmotic pressure, solution (normal, molar, percentage)	theory, 2 hours skill lab)	discussion		

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation Theory	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
4 Bio-molecules	Outline the processes of metabolism within the human body. Explain different types of enzymes	3.2 Cell membrane, structure and function 3.3 Cellular compartmentalization and metabolic pathway 4.1 Carbohydrate: Definition, Classification, composition, Function, metabolism 4.2 Protein: Definition, Classification, Composition, Function, metabolism 4.3 Lipid: Definition, Classification, composition, Function, metabolism 4.4 Enzymes: Definition, Classification, Factors affecting enzymatic activity, Co-enzymes, Iso-enzymes significance of Enzymes (AST, ALT, CPK, CPK-MB, Amylase, Lipase, ALP, gamma GT, LDH)	10 hours (6 hours theory, 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion Demonstration	Power-point presentation Models	Question and answer MCQ
5 Metabolism	Explain the physiology of metabolism	5.1 Glycolysis and tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle or the Krebs cycle5.2 Glycogen metabolism5.3 Lipid metabolism	8 hours (6 hours theory, 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion	Power-point presentation	MCQ

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
6. Microbiology:	Describe	 5.4 Cholesterol synthesis and breakdown 5.5 Urea cycle 5.6 Ketone body formation 6.1 Definition of organisms and 	Theory 8 hours (6	Interactive	Power-point	Question and
Micro-organisms	organisms and parasites affecting health	types of micro-organisms Bacteria Virus Protozoa Fungi Algae Helminth Rickettsia 6.2 Factors affecting micro-organisms: Environment for growth Aerobic, anaerobic Temperature Humidity Nutrients 6.3 Environment to suppress growth of microbes 6.4 Survival of microbes under unfavorable environment:	hours theory, 2 hours skill lab)	Lecture and discussion Group Discussion	Presentation Slides of microorganisms	Answers, Presentation of slides

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation Theory	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		CystsSporesEndospores				
7. Nosocomial Infection	Explain the source of nasocomial infection and ways for prevention	 7.1 Introduction, prevalence and importance 7.2 Mechanism of infection 7.3 Microbial causes of nosocomial infection 7.4 Sources and mode of spread of nosocomial infection 7.5 Diagnosis and control of nosocomial infection: sterilization, disinfection and standardized safety precaution 	4 hours	Interactive Lecture and discussion Group Work	PowerPoint Presentation	Class test Presentation in group on nasocomial infection and its prevention
8. Clinical specimen collection and testing	Explain the techniques of collecting different types of specimens	 8.1 Outline the steps necessary in the collection and transportation of the clinical specimens for identification of clinically important pathogens. 8.2 Techniques involved in culture and sensitivity tests of clinical specimens. 	4 hours (2 hours theory, 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion, Skills based education	Power-point presentation Skills lab simulation	Question and answer Demonstration

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks)
Final Examination: 40 (80% of total marks)

References

- Anthikad J. (2004). Biochemistry for nurses (2nd ed.) Jaypee, New Delhi.
- Manandhar, M; Tamrakar A (2017). Text book of basic sciences for nurses, Samikshya Publication.
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- Nester EW, Anderson DG, Roberts CE, Nester MT. (2007). Microbiology: A human perspective, (5thed.). McGraw Hill Publication.
- Satyannarayan V. (2003). Essentials of biochemistry, Books and allied P. Ltd India.
- Sood S. (2002). Microbiology for Nursing students and Nurses, (1sted). B. I. Churchill Livingstone.
- Tortora GJ, Funke BR, Case CL. (2001). Microbiology: An Introduction, (7thed.). Addison, Wesley and Longman.

FOUNDATION OF MIDWIFERY I (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM105 Placement: First Year

Total Hours: 120 (Theory 74 hrs+ Skill lab 46 hrs)

Full Marks: 100

Credit Hours: 8 Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This course will enable midwifery students to develop basic skills to perform clinical midwifery practice. The students will develop an understanding of the role and responsibilities of a midwife. An introduction to the midwifery related knowledge, skills and expected behaviours will be provided within this course.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Discuss the Midwifery model of care and its application in caring for women and newborn.
- Identify the midwifery care process including critical thinking and clinical decision making.
- Discuss the history of midwifery and identify the scope of midwifery practice in Nepal.
- Explain respectful maternity care, recognising the importance of developing cultural awareness.
- Explain the health service provision in Nepal, with a focus on maternity care services.
- Recognise the importance of effective communication in midwifery practice.
- Identify the necessary knowledge and skills for providing health education
- Develop self awareness and skills to support reflective practice.
- Demonstrate the basic procedure of personal hygiene management
- Describe knowledge and skills required to perform health assessment of women.
- Identify the comfort measures and devices including moving and turning of the women.
- Discuss awareness of safe use of equipment and maintaining a safe environment for the mother, newborn and families.

- Identify safe moving and handling techniques in clinical practice.
- Discuss the basic caring skill needed during clinical practice.
- Explain the different types of exercise.
- Discuss the appropriate technique of drug administration.
- Discuss the different emergency conditions and their first aid management.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Midwifery Model of Care	Discuss the Midwifery model of care and its application in caring for women and newborn	1.1 Definition: Midwife, Midwifery1.2 Midwifery model of care1.3 Philosophy of midwifery care1.4 ICM core competences	4 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Brain storming	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and answer MCQ Written examination
2. Midwifery Care process	Identify the midwifery care process including critical thinking and clinical decision making	2.1 Midwifery Care Process	4 hours (2 hours theory + 2 hours Skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Simulation Reflective quiz Case studies	LCD/ PPT slides Simulation scenario Checklist	Question and answer Reflective quiz

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
3. History and Scope of Midwifery Practice	Discuss the history of midwifery Identify the scope of midwifery practice in Nepal	 3.1 History of midwifery: global, regional and national 3.2 Provision of midwifery care: Skilled birth attendants Enabling environment 3.3 Scope of midwifery practice 	4 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board/Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and answer MCQ
4. Respectful maternity care (RMC)	Explain respectful maternity care, recognizing the importance of developing cultural awareness	 4.1 Introduction 4.2 Importance 4.3 Disrespect and abuse 4.4 Obstetric violence 4.5 Universal Rights of child bearing women (White Ribbon Alliance) 	4 hours (2 hours Theory + 2 Skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Role play Video (Break the Silence)	White board/Marker LCD / PPT slides Simulation scenario Checklist	Question and Answers Written examination
5. National Maternity Service Provision in Nepal	Explain the health service provision in Nepal, with a focus on	 5.1 Health service provision in Nepal Public sector and private sector 5.2 Maternity service provision in Nepal The development of maternity services in Nepal Incentives for using maternity services 	6 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Simulation	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and Answers Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	maternity care services	 5.3 Hospital Definition, Purposes, Types and functions Admission and Discharge procedure of the women Recording and reporting Transfer of women: Unit to unit, hospital to hospital 5.4 Birthing Centre /home setting Birthing center: Introduction criteria and guidelines for admission, referral and Protocol for delivery 			Simulation scenario	
6. Effective	Recognise the	6.1 Communication	8 hours	Interactive	White board/	Question
Communicat ion and	importance of effective	DefinitionElements	(6 hours	Lecture and discussion	Marker	and answer
Counselling	communication in midwifery practice	 Importance Skills Tools Factors affecting communication Barriers 6.2 Qualities of a good communicator 6.3 Effective communication for midwives 6.4 Counselling Definition Basic elements Types 	Theory + 2 hours skill lab)	Simulation Role play	LCD/ PPT slides Simulation scenario	MCQ Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		StepsSkills of counsellor				
7. Health Education	Identify the necessary knowledge and skills for providing health education	 7.1 Health Education Definition Principles and practice of health education 	2 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and Answer MCQ
8. Self- awareness development	Develop self- awareness and skills to support reflective practice	 8.1 Definition – self - awareness development 8.2 Skills for self-awareness 8.3 Introduction to reflection 	2 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Reflective Quiz	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and answer MCQ Reflective Quiz
9. Personal Hygiene Management	Demonstrate the basic procedure of personal hygiene management	 9.1 Personal Hygiene: Definition, Purpose and Principles 9.2 Procedure of: Oral care Skin care: Sponge bath, Bed bath, perineal care Back care Hair care 9.3 Pressure area care Definition 	8 Hours (4 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group Discussion Demonstration Simulation	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides Simulation scenario	Question and Answers Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
10. Health	Describe	 Relationship between friction and pascal's law Common sites Preventive measure and care 10.1 Vital signs: Definition and 	14	Interactive lecture	Checklist White board/	Question
Assessment	knowledge and skills required to perform health assessment of women.	Purposes 10.2 Temperature Sites: Oral and Axillary Alteration in body temperature: different types of fever. 10.3 Pulse Definition and type Characteristics of normal pulse Factor affecting pulse rate Sites of taking pulse (review from physiology) Principle and method of taking pulse 10.4 Respiration Definition and Types Characteristics of normal respiration Factors affecting respiration Method of checking respiration Method of checking respiration Definition and Types Definition and Types	Hours (8 hours theory + 6 hours skill lab)	and discussion Group discussion Demonstration and return demonstration Simulation	Marker LCD/PPT slides Checklist Simulation scenario TPR Sheet Real objects	and answer MCQ Written examination
		 Definition and Types Factors affecting Blood pressure Characteristics of Blood pressure 				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Sites and technique of measuring BP Relationship between blood pressure and Pascal's law 10.6 Pain Assessment Definition of Pain Type of pain, Assessment of pain and management 10.7 Laboratory investigation: Collection, labeling and dispatch of specimen Blood Urine Stool Sputum Pus and Throat Swab High vaginal swab 10.8 Radiological investigation and preparation of women X-ray examinations Ultrasonography (USG) 				
11. Comfort	Identify the	11.1 Rest, sleep and exercise	10 hours	Interactive lecture	White	Question
Measures	comfort	11.2 Bed making	(4 hours	and discussion	board/Marker	and Answer
	measures and devices including	 Introduction, Purposes and Principles Types of bed and bed making Unoccupied Bed 	theory + 6 hours skill lab)	Demonstration and redemonstration	LCD/ PPT slides	MCQ

		Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
moving at turning of women.	.			Video Checklist	Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
12. Infection	Discuss	 Transferring woman between Bed and chair Ambulation 12.1 Infection prevention and control: 	12 hours	Interactive	LCD/ PPT	Question
Prevention and Control	awareness of safe use of	Definition and Importance 12.2 Medical Asepsis: Definition	(8 hours theory and 4	Lecture and discussion	slides	and answer
	equipment and maintaining a safe environment for the mother, newborn and families	 Hand hygiene Universal precaution Equipment cleaning Environment cleaning Safe handling and disposal of infectious waste Housekeeping and management of spillage Isolation: Transmission based precautions 12.3 Surgical asepsis Instrument processing and sterilization 12.4 Instrument storage 12.5 Handling of Cheattle forceps 12.6 Hospital waste management 12.7 Wound care Definition, Types of wound, Process of wound healing 12.8 Dressing 	hours Skill lab)	Demonstration and redemonstration Observation visit	Protective barrier devices Video Checklist	MCQ Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Definition, types, purpose, principles and Techniques 12.9 Drainage: Definition, Care of women with types of drainage tube 				
13. Clinical Hazards and safety measures	Identify safe moving and handling techniques in clinical practice	 Medical hazards Chemical hazards Biological hazards Radiological hazards Electrical hazards Fire hazards Sharp hazards Physical hazards Physical hazards Maintaining safe environment: water, fire, ventilation, lighting, floors, room temperature, fall Use of side rails Use of Restraints: physical 	6 hours (4 hours theory + 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration Simulation	LCD/ PPT slides Video Checklist	Question and Answer MCQ Written examination
14. Basic caring skills	Discuss basic caring skill needed durng clinical practice.	 14.1 Distension of Bladder and abdomen Definition, Causes and sign and symptoms Ways of relieving distension 14.2 Constipation Definition 	12 hours (6 hours theory+6 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides Checklist	Question and Answers Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Sign and symptoms Ways of relieving constipation 14.3 Enema Definition Purposes Principles Types Method of administering enema Rectal Suppository Use of bedpan 14.4 Catheterization Definitions, Purpose, Principles and Types of catheterization Catheterization procedure Care of women with an indwelling catheter Removal of the indwelling catheter 14.5 Ryle's Tube Purposes Sizes and types Indication Method of insertion Ryle's tube feeding Removal of nasogastric tube 14.6 Maintaining intake and output chart 		Demonstation and redemonstration		

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 14.7 Suctioning to women: Indication, purpose, principle and procedure. 14.8 Hot and Cold applications Definition, purposes and principles and Effects Types and methods Care of women 14.9 Sitz Bath: Definition, Purpose and Methods 				
15. Exercise	Explain the different types of exercise	 15.1 Definition 15.2 Types of Exercise Range of motion exercise: Definition, purpose, principles, and step by step procedure Deep breathing and coughing exercise: Purpose, principle and procedure Pelvic floor exercise 	4 Hours (2 hours theory + 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Demonstration and return demonstration	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and answer Written test
16. Drug Administrati on	Discuss the appropriate technique of drug administration	 Definition and purpose Abbreviations used in drug administration Right of drug administration Medicine calculation and measurement Routes for drug administration: Types, purpose, principles , preparation, procedure of 	16 Hours (6 hours theory + 10 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Demonstration and return demonstration	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides Checklist	Question and answer Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		administration of Oral, Parental, Topical, Instillation and Inhalation, vaginal and rectal 16.2 Care of women with intravenous infusion Responsibilities of a midwife in				
		drug administrationEmergency drugs16.3 Blood transfusion				
		 Introduction, indications and contraindications Methods of blood transfusion Care of women with blood transfusion 16.4 Oxygen Therapy 				
		 Definition, Purposes, Indications and Procedure Care of accessories used for oxygen therapy Care of women with oxygen therapy Safety precaution 16.5 Steam inhalation: purpose, 				
		principles, procedure 16.6 Nebulization: purpose, principles and procedure				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory/ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
17. First Aid	Discuss the different emergency conditions and their first aid management	 17.1 Definition, Purpose, Principle 17.2 Quality and Responsibilities of a first aider 17.3 Different emergency conditions and their first aid management Burn Epistaxis Hemorrhage Poisoning Fracture Snake bite Foreign bodies in eye, ear and nose Drowning Chocking 	4 Hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board/ Marker LCD/ PPT slides	Question and answer Written test

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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FOUNDATION OF MIDWIFERY I (CLINICAL)

Course Code No.: PCLM106 Placement: First Year

Total Hours: 240 (8 weeks)

Credit Hours: 8 hours

Pass Marks: 50

Course Description

This course is designed to develop competency in providing basic care to women. The students will be supervised at all time. Students will do morning and evening duty in medical, surgical, gynecological and maternity units.

Course objectives

At the end of this course students will be able to:

- Use midwifery care process for the care of the women.
- Demonstrate skill in basic procedures used in midwifery.
- Perform admission and discharge procedure.
- Apply the principles of infection prevention by using universal precaution, medical asepsis and surgical asepsis.
- Perform simple wound care and bandaging.
- Apply safety measures, principle of body mechanics.
- Administrate medication safely and correctly to the women.
- Record and report women's condition and progress adequately.
- Provide health education according to need of the women.

Learning Activities

- 1. Use midwifery care process to provide care to women.
- 2. Develop midwifery care plan before caring the woman.
- 3. Develop knowledge and skill of drugs administration safely and correctly.
- 4. Develop competency in basic nursing/midwifery skill according to women's need in the following procedure:
 - Hygienic needs such as Oral care, Hair care, Skin care, Nail care 5 (each)
 - Bed making -5
 - Different comfortable positioning 5
 - Back care and relief of pressure areas 5
 - Active and Passive exercise 5

•	Deep breathing and coughing exercise	- 5
•	Postural drainage	- 2
•	Hot and cold application	- 3
•	Insertion of nasogastric tube and feeding	- 3
•	Feeding helpless patient	- 5
•	Oxygen Therapy	- 5
•	Maintaining intake output	-10
•	I/V cannulation and venepuncture	-10
•	Care of I/V fluid and site	-10
•	Catheterization and enema	-5 each
•	Infection prevention and control	-Each procedure
•	Practice hand washing technique properly	-Each procedure
•	Practice different methods of sterilization	-
•	Dressing and bandaging	-5
•	Collection and labeling of specimen	-5

Evaluation scheme for fundamental of midwifery

Total marks: 100

Internal assessment: 50Final examination: 50

Activities	Items	Marks
Student's Daily Performance	1 overall in an area	10
Procedure log book	1	5
Health teaching	1	5
Pregnant women's assessment (History taking/ physical and obstetric examination)	5	5
Drug plan card	50 drugs	5
Procedure evaluation	2	10
Midwifery care plan	10	10
Total		50

Final Exam:

Total Marks: 50

- OSPE/OSCE: 30 Marks

VIVA: 20 Marks

HEALTHY PREGNANCY (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM107 Placement: First Year

Total Hours: 100 (Theory 70 hours + Skill lab 30 hours)

Full marks: 100

Total Credit Hours: 6 Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course provides the knowledge on care of the well women during pregnancy which includes review of anatomy and physiology including pre-conception counselling, diagnosis of pregnancy, and physiological changes during pregnancy. The course also assist to learn about assessment of the pregnant woman, minor disorders of pregnancy, midwifery model of antenatal care, health promotion and preparation for birth. The skill lab practice is allocated during theory classes wherever it is applicable.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Review anatomy and physiology of male and female reproductive system.
- Discuss about culturally sensitive health promotion and health education in sexual and reproductive health.
- Explain about pre-conception care and counselling.
- Explain the fetal development in different stages including Placenta, membrane and fetal circulation.
- Explain the physiological changes during pregnancy.
- Describe comprehensive initial antenatal health assessment and examination of the pregnant woman.
- Describe the screening tests advised in the antenatal period and interpret their results.
- Explain birth preparedness and complication readiness, including referral.
- Discuss common minor disorders of pregnancy and their management.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory+ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Anatomy and Physiology of	Review the anatomy and	1.1 Anatomy and Physiology of male and female reproductive organs (Review)	12 hours	Interactive lecture and	Anatomical models:	Question and Answer
male and female reproductive organs	physiology of both male and female reproductive system Explain the pelvic bones and its landmarks for labor.	 Male and female reproductive system Mammary glands Menstruation cycle 1.2 Pelvis: Types, Diameters, landmarks, joints, ligaments, muscle and its effect on labour. 	(8 hours theory+4 hours skill lab)	discussion Skill lab practice	Breast models Reproductive systems Male and Female. White board, LCD/PPT slides, Female	Written test
2. Well women health care	Explain about well women health development and care.	2.1 Healthy Family development 2.2 Sexual development and sexual activity 2.3 Pre-conception care and genetic counseling 2.4 Culturally sensitive health promotion and health education related to sexual and reproductive health	12 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Role play	Pelvis. White board, LCD/PPT slides Role play scenario	Question and Answer Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory+ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
3. Fetal Development	Explain the process of fetal development during intra uterine life. Explain Fetal	 3.1 Terminologies: Organogenesis, Oogenesis Spermatogenesis, Gametogenesis, Fertilization. 3.2 Embryology 3.3 Fetal development Placenta, amniotic fluid, membrane and cord development 	16 hours (12 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion	White board, LCD/PPT slides Model of fetal development	Question and answer Multiple Choice questions (MCQ)
4. Fetal Skull	circulation and Define the fetal skull and enumerate the landmarks and its feto pelvis relationship.	 Fetal circulation Fetal growth and wellbeing 4.1 Bones, Sutures, Fontanelle and measurements. 4.2 Feto-pelvis relationship: Fetal presentations and positions Engagement 	8 hours (4 hours theory + 4hours skill lab)	Illustrative lecture and discussion Skill lab practice.	White board, LCD/PPT slides, Fetal skull and female pelvis	OSCE Written Test
5. Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Discuss the various diagnostic methods of pregnancy.	 5.1 Confirmation of pregnancy Sign and symptoms Menstrual history and LMP Calculation of EDD and gestational age 5.2 Pregnancy confirmation tests Urine test USG 	6 hours (4 hours theory + 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion Demonstrati on of UPT strip Role play	White board, LCD/PPT Slides Urine Pregnancy kits (UPT)	Question and Answer Written Test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory+ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
6. Physiological changes during pregnancy and minor disorders	Describe the physiological changes during pregnancy in different body systems Explain minor disorders of pregnancy and their management	 6.1 Changes in reproductive system and other body systems. 6.2 Maternal weight gain 6.3 Minor disorders of pregnancy Gastro- intestinal system Musculoskeletal system Nervous system Respiratory system Genito-urinary system Integumentary system Circulatory system Metabolic and endocrine system 6.4 Non-pharmacological measures to relief common discomforts 	10 hours (8 hours theory+2 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Role play	Role play scenarios and checklist White board, LCD/PPT slides Role play scenarios and checklist	Question and answer. Written Test Individual and group presentations
7. Antenatal Assessment	Explain the importance of antenatal booking of a woman in clinic. Discuss the history taking and	 7.1 Midwife led Antenatal booking- first and consecutive contacts • Purposes • History taking and screening for risk woman • Schedule of contacts (WHO 2016) 7.2 Calculation of Expected Date of Delivery (EDD) and gestational age 	22hours (10 hours theory+12h ours skill lab)	Interactive lecture discussion, Case studies Demonstrati on and return	White board Flip chart focused visits Checklist Laboratory sheets	Question and Answer OSCE Written Test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory+ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	comprehensive	7.3 Physical examination and antenatal		demonstrati		
	examination of	examination		on	Simulation	
	the pregnant	 Head to toe examination 			models:	
	women.	BMI (at 1st contact)		Role play of	'MamaBirthie	
		Blood pressure assessmentAbdominal palpation		the booking	,	
		Auscultation of fetal heart rate		history		
		Assessment of fetal growth, liquor			Simulation	
		volume and fetal movements.		Simulation	scenario with	
		7.4 Psychological assessment			checklist	
		7.5 Screening and testing				
		• Urinalysis				
		USG7.6 Nutritional advice and supplements				
		7.7 Immunization				
		7.8 Education and counselling – one to one				
		and group antenatal counselling				
		 Pre and post-test PMTCT counselling Prepare for early initiation and continuation of breastfeeding 				
I		7.9 Culturally sensitive continuity of care				
		during pregnancy				
		7.10 Birth preparedness and complication				
		readiness				
		Birth planDanger signs during pregnancyReferral				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory+ Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
8. Assessment of fetal wellbeing	Identify the various methods of assessing the fetal wellbeing	 8.1 Daily Fetal Movement Count 8.2 Fetal heart rate auscultation using Pinards and Doppler. 8.3 Biophysical profile and Cardiotocograph in higher center 8.4 USG: Amniotic fluid assessment, fetal growth 	6hours (4 hours theory + 2 hours Skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstrati on and practice	Pinards/ Fetoscope Hand held Doppler Simulation models:	Question and Answer Written examination
9. Drugs commonly used in pregnancy	Explain the principle of pharmacokinetics of drug and maternal and fetus effect during pregnancy	9.1 Hematinic agent and calcium 9.2 Tocolytic agent 9.3 Anticonvulsant agents 9.4 Uterotonic agents	8 hours	Interactive lecture and Discussion, Demonstrati on Group discussion	'MamaBirthie,' White board, LCD/PPT slides Drug cards	Written examination, Individual/ group presentation

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
Final Examination: 80 (80% of total marks)

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HEALTHY PREGNANCY (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM108 Placement: First year

Total Hours: 120 hours (4 weeks)

Full marks: 100

Total Credit Hours: 4 Pass mark: 50

Course Description

This course has been designed to develop necessary knowledge, skills, and understanding in care of the woman with healthy pregnancy in health facilities. The students will work together with their supervisors to develop skill from acquision to competency level during the clinical posting. The collaborative care approach will be maintained through out the placement.

The simulation corner at the clinic will be used by the students for development of clinical skills.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the clinical placement, the students will be able to:

- Set up and run midwifery led antenatal clinics in different levels of healthcare facilities.
- Provide culturally sensitive women centred-care, education and counseling to the pregnant woman.
- Carry out comprehensive initial antenatal health assessment of the woman.
- Monitors fetal growth and well-being during follow up contacts.
- Identify the pregnant women with risk factors and be able to refer in appropriate health care facilities.
- Conduct antenatal individual and group education and counselling.
- Manage minor disorders of pregnancy.
- Make birth preparedness and complication readiness plans with women and her family

Teaching Learning Activities

- Antenatal clinic set up
- Antenatal examination
- Group education and counselling with women and their companions in different topics
- Screening tests and follow up of results
- Use Pinard/fetoscope and other methods of fetal assessment.
- Use of Birth preparedness package
- Prepare educational materials and also collect from NHEICC
- Identify the risk woman and provide inter professional collaborative care
- Provide pre and post-test PMTCT counseling.

S. N.	Activity	No. of Cases	Marks
1.	Perform Antenatal examination	100	10
2.	Case study and presentation	1	10
3.	Group antenatal education and counseling	5	5
4.	Calculation of EDD and POG	50	5
5.	Use of Birth preparedness package	50	5
6.	Provide pre and post-test PMTCT counseling	50	5
7.	Observation visit- birth center, women center care and psychological counseling center	2	5
8.	Performance evaluation		5
	Total Marks		50

Evaluation Scheme

Internal assessment (50%): Clinical assessment

Final Examination (50%): OSCE and viva

PHYSIOLOGICAL LABOUR AND CHILDBIRTH (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM109 Placement: First Year

Total hours: 100 hours (Theory 48 hrs +Skill lab 52 hrs)

Full Marks: 100

Credit Hours: 6 hours Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course covers physiological labor and childbirth. This course focuses on developing midwifery knowledge, skills and behaviors in providing safe and effective care for women and newborn in Nepal.

Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Discuss the principles of respectful maternity care during the provision of intrapartum care.
- Explain the principles of assessment of maternal and fetal well-being and progress during the different stages of labour.
- Explain the mechanism of labour and relate this to the provision of safe care during the labour and birth.
- Identify risk factors during labour and birth and how refer for medical assistance.
- Assess progress of labour with use of the partograph including action to be taken as guided by the partograph.
- Describe fetal wellbeing during labour, including how to interpret findings and respond appropriately.
- Explain how to facilitate birth safely, including repair of the perineum.
- Outline the provision of immediate newborn care, including newborn resuscitation.
- Identify the importance of skin to skin contact at birth and the initiation of breastfeeding in the first hour following birth.
- Explain the care of the mother and newborn during the first hour after birth.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory + Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Physiological labor / birth	Describe physiology of labor. Differentiate true and false labor. Describe the stages and duration of labor. Explain the factors affecting in labour. Explain the management of labor.	 Definition Physiology of labor /birth Causes of onset of labor True and false labour Stages and duration of labour 1.2 Factors affecting labour: passage, passenger, power, position of mother, psyche of mother 1.3 Psychological and cultural aspects of labor/ birth 1.4 Measures to natural secretion of oxytocin by non-pharmacologic agents. 1.5 General aspects of Care in labour Assessing the Well-being of the Woman during labour Routine Procedures Nutrition Place of Birth Support in Childbirth Cleanliness 1.6 Management of labour Pain: Non-pharmacological methods: birthing positions, massage, birth companionship, aroma therapy, TENS. 	20 hours (14 hours theory+6 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration and retuned Case studies Simulation	White Board and marker Checklist LCD/PPT slides Birthing ball/tools Safe birth check list (WHO 2015)	Question and Answer Individual/g roup presentation Written test Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory + Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
2. Care during	Describe methods of monitoring the fetus during labor.	 Pharmacological methods: Systematic agents and Epidural analgesia 1.7 Monitoring the Fetus during labour: Assessment of amniotic fluid Monitoring fetal heart rate, Fetal scalp blood examination, and Comparison of auscultation and electronic fetal monitoring 1.8 Use of the WHO Safe Childbirth Checklist 2.1 Physiology of the first stage of labour 	24 hours	Brain storming	White	Question
2. Care during First Stage of labour	Describe physiology of first stage of labor. Demonstrate the mechanism of labor in simulated situation. Explain care and management of first stage of labor.	 2.1 Physiology of the first stage of labour 2.2 Mechanism of labour. 2.3 Management of first stage of labour: Introduction and Principles 2.4 Assessing the Start of Labour Vaginal examination 2.5 Admission procedure 2.6 Care and Management during the first stage of labour Position and Movement during the First Stage of Labour Rest Nutrition Fluid intake Bladder and Bowel care Relief of pain 2.7 Progress of Labour: 	24 hours (10 hours theory+ 14 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration and practice Simulation Case studies	White board and marker MamaBirth ie Partograph sheet Checklist video	Question and Answer Written test Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory + Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Explain the partograph and its use during labour.	 Abdominal Findings-Uterine contraction, Abdominal Palpation for descent of head Vaginal Examination 2.8 Monitor the Fetal and Maternal condition 2.9 Prevention of Prolonged Labour 2.10 Factors that support physiological labour 2.11 Involvement of family members to support laboring women 2.12 Use of Partograph Importance of partograph Monitor Maternal condition Monitor Fetal condition Check Progress of labour Decision making: Indicators of need for timely intervention 2.13 Principles of prevention of pelvic floor damage and perineal tear. 				
3. Physiology of the second stage of labour	Describe the physiology of second stage of labor.	 3.1 Onset of the Second Stage of Labour Signs and symptoms of second stage of labor. 3.2 Onset of expulsive phase 3.3 Preparation of midwife, mother and newborn, delivery room and equipment 	24 hours (10 hours theory+ 14 hours skill lab)	Interactive Lecture and discussion Demonstration and practice	White board and marker MamaBirth ie	Question and Answer MCQ OSCE Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory + Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
a s s la	State the signs and symptoms of second stage of abor. Prepare delivery room, equipment and herself as a midwife in simulated situation Discuss the care during second stage of labor Conduct normal delivery in Simulated situation State the danger signs during abor.	 3.4 Care management during second stage of labour Facilitation of birth in different positions Monitoring maternal and foetal condition Monitor for danger signs of labour: Prolong latent phase Non-progress of labour. Heavy show or bleeding in labour. Cephalo-pelvic disproportion. Shoulder/Hand/footling/compound presentations. Excessive bleeding Less or loss of fetal movement Fever Nutrition Hydration Assisting in Breathing Techniques Progress of labour and bearing down effort Comfort and support Care of the Perineum: Guarding the perineum, Perineal tear and episiotomy Prevention of infection Attendance of birth: conduct normal delivery, care nuchal cord 		Simulation Case studies	Neonatalie with equipments Learning guide Checklist video	Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time (Theory + Skill Lab)	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
4. Management of Third and Fourth Stage of Labour	Describe the APGAR score. Explain physiology of third stage of labor. Differentiate between methods of placenta separation. Discuss the active and physiological management of third stage of labor.	3.5 Immediate care of mother and new born 3.6 APGAR score 3.7 Newborn Resuscitation 4.1 Definition: Third and fourth stage of Labour 4.2 Physiology of third stage • Mechanism and methods of placenta separation • Signs and symptoms of separation of placenta • Control of bleeding 4.3 Types of third stage management of labour • Active management: Definition, advantages and disadvantages • Physiological management: Definition, advantages and disadvantages 4/4 Assessment of perineum/vagina and	1	Interactive Lecture and discussion Demonstration and practice Simulation Reflective quiz Case studies	White board and marker Checklist Placenta module Mama Natalie Mama "U" Condom temponade Learning guide	Question and Answer MCQ Written test Skill test
	Write on recording and reporting after delivery. Explain Standard infection	repair if needed 4.5 Principles underpinning technique for repair of perineal tears and episiotomy 4.6 Assessment of blood loss 4.7 Examination of placenta 4.8 Post-partum Intrauterine Contraceptive Device (PPIUCD)				

			Time			
Unit	Objectives	Contents	(Theory +	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
			Skill Lab)			
	prevention and control practices including waste disposal.	 4.9 Management of fourth stage of labour Assessment of mother and baby :Danger signs of mother and newborn Breast feeding Health education Recording and reporting- maternal condition, estimating total blood loss, newborn condition and placenta including HMIS and EOC monitoring. Standard infection prevention and control practices including waste disposal. 				
5. Immediate	Explain the steps	5.1 Immediate care of the newborn	10 hours	Interactive	White	Question
Care of	of Immediate	5.2 Newborn care principles 5.3 Newborn care with urgent problems	(6 hours	lecture	board and	and answer
Newborn	Explain the care of mother during the first two hours after childbirth	 5.3 Newborn care with urgent problems 5.4 Early and exclusive breast feeding 5.5 Full assessment of the newborn including gestation and normal variations 5.6 Standard Infection prevention and control practices when caring for a newborn. 5.7 Assessment of condition and care of mother during the first two hours after childbirth 	theory+4 hours skill lab)	Demonstration and practice Simulation	marker LCD/PPT slides Simulation scenario Checklist Global Health Media Video	OSCE

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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PHYSIOLOGICAL LABOR AND CHILD BIRTH (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM110 Placement: First year

Total hours: 120 hours (4 weeks)

Full Marks: 100

Credit Hours: 4 Pass marks: 50

Course Description

This course has been designed to develop necessary knowledge, skills and behavior of midwifery students in caring the women with physiological labour and childbirth. This course also make them competent to work independently to manage normal birth and identify, manage and refer complicated birth.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Maintain a respectful, kind manner in all interactions.
- Enabling the woman and her family to be involved in decision making for the woman to have her chosen person with her as she gives birth.
- Take a specific History and vital signs in Labour focused physical examination in labour
- Provide physical and psychological support for woman and family and promote normal birth and facilitate the presence of birth companion during labor and birth
- Plot partograph and interpret the findings and take appropriate action.
- Monitor normal progress of labour and find out any deviation.
- Provide adequate nutrition and non-pharmacological and pharmacological measure during labor and birth.
- Provide bladder care including performance of urinary catheterization when indication.
- Monitor fetal well-being and identify the deviation during labour.
- Administration of local anesthesia to the perineum and perform episiotomy

- Conduct deliveries and manage the third stage of labour actively to prevent complications.
- Manage the cord around the baby's neck at birth.
- Provide immediate essential newborn care and take various actions as required.
- Perform neonatal resuscitation when needed.
- Repair the episiotomy and perineal tear as needed.
- Perform examination of placenta.
- Estimate and record maternal blood loss
- Provide the safe environment for mother and infant to promote attachment
- Identify the women with complications during labour, manage and refer in appropriate health care facilities where further service is available
- Maintain Inter-professional collaboration and team work

Teaching/Learning Activities

- 1. Collect health history and examine the pregnant women during labour in different setting.
- 2. Formulate nursing/midwifery care plans
- 3. Provide counselling to the woman about pushing and breathing technique during labor
- 4. Provide counselling to the woman about pushing and breathing technique during labor
- 5. Monitors fetal well being by various methods during labour.
- 6. Perform vaginal examinations and interpret the findings.
- 7. Assist the woman for intranatal exercise, encourage for different position according to her choice
- 8. Plot the partograph and interpret the findings.
- 9. Conduct normal delivery in real situation in different position as her choice.
- 10. Provide immediate Newborns care.
- 11. Perform newborn resusitation.
- 12. Repairs Perineal tear /episiotomy as required.

- 13. Provide care of the women during intrapartum period.
- 14. Facilitate parent infant bonding for breast feeding.
- 15. Document all the events.
- 16. Establish inter-professional collaboration and team work

Clinical placement

- Antenatal unit: Latent labour and active labour wards.
- Labor room /birthing center
- Postnatal unit
- Maternity Emergency ward
- Community health centers (HP, Birthing Centers)

Evaluation Scheme

Internal assessment (50%): 50 marks (Clinical assessment)

Final Exam:

Total Marks: 50

OSPE: 30 MarksVIVA: 20 Marks

Clinical assessment

SN	Activity	No. of Cases	Marks
1.	Collect health history and assess the pregnant women during labour in different setting.	20	2.5
2.	Formulate midwifery care plans.	10	2.5
3.	Perform the Per vaginal examination	20	2.5
4.	Plot Partograph	60	5
5.	Perform/assist physiological child birth	50	10
6.	Perform of episiotomy and suturing	10	5
7.	Perform Placenta examination	60	2.5
8.	Provide immediate newborn care	20	2.5
9.	Perform Examination of newborn	20	2.5
10.	Perform Neonatal resuscitation with bag and mask	6	2.5
11.	Perform perineal tear repair	20	2.5
12.	Perform active management of third stage of labour	50	2.5
13.	Observe/assist manual remover of placenta	2	2.5
14.	Performance evaluation		5
	Total Marks		50

HEALTHY POSTPARTUM AND NEWBORN (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM111 Placement: First Year

Theory: 100 hours (Theory 70 hours + Skill lab 30 hours)

Full Marks: 100

Credit Hours: 6 Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course will provide in depth knowledge on the care of mother and newborn in the postpartum period focusing mainly on normal puerperium and newborn. It will also enable students to use knowledge, skill and attitude for the total care of mother and newborn in the hospital, birthing center and home setting. Students will understand normal physiological involution, physiology of lactation, care and support of new family, encouragement and support of exclusive breastfeeding, bonding.

Course objectives

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Describe puerperium.
- Explain postpartum care.
- Discuss minor disorder of puerperium and their management.
- Explain lactation management.
- Identify common breast problem and their management.
- Discuss care of newborn baby.
- Explain growth and development of normal newborn.
- Describe minor disorder of newborn and their management.
- Explain care of large and small babies including low birth weight.
- Describe family planning.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Puerperium	Explain the anatomical, physiological and psychological changes during puerperium.	 Definition Phase of puerperium Physiology and characteristics 1.2 Changes during puerperium Anatomical changes during puerperium Involution of uterus Involution of other pelvic structure Physiological changes during puerperium Endocrine changes Involution of uterus Lochia Vital signs Lactation Urinary system Weight loss, fluid loss Menstruation and ovulation Changes in blood values Psychological and Emotional changes 	12 hours	Brain storming Interactive lecture and discussion Group Discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test
2. Postpartum care	Describe Postpartum care and its goals,	2.1 Introduction, Goals, components and principles of postpartum care.	20 hours (12 hours Theory+8	Interactive lecture and discussion	White board and marker	Question and answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	components and principle. Explain postnatal assessment List the daily assessment of mother Describe recommended Postnatal visit with components Explain general care to mother Discuss community based postpartum services Discuss postnatal danger signs and its management	 2.2 Postnatal assessment of mother History Physical examination 2.3 Daily assessment of mother 2.4 Recommended Postnatal visit with components 2.5 General care to mother Rest and sleep Nutrition Care of bowel and bladder Perineal care Breast care Clothing Postnatal exercise Psychological and Emotional support 2.6 Community based postpartum care and services 2.7 Postnatal danger signs 	hours Skill Lab)	Group discussion Demonstration Simulation in skill lab	LCD/PPT slides Checklist video	Presentation: individual, group Written test Skill test
3. Minor disorders of puerperium and their management	Explain the minor disorders of puerperium and their management	 3.1 Minor disorders of puerperium and management After pain Sub involution of uterus Retention of urine Maternal blue/4th day blue 	5 hours	Brain storming Interactive lecture and discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides	Question and answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Constipation and Hemorrhoids Anemia 		Group Discussion Case study		Presentation: individual, group Written test
4. Lactation management	Review anatomy and physiology of breast Explain the physiology of lactation Explain advantages of breast feeding Explain early breast feeding and successful breast feeding techniques Describe express breast milk technique Discuss different methods of feeding in special conditions	 4.1 Anatomy and physiology of breast (review from Anatomy and Physiology)) 4.2 Physiology of lactation Mammogenesis Lactogenesis Galactokinesis Galactopoiesis 4.3 Composition of breast milk 4.4 Advantages of breast feeding- early and exclusive breast feeding 4.5 Early breast feeding and successful breast feeding techniques 4.6 Encouragement and support of exclusive breastfeeding. 4.7 Express breast milk - technique and storage 4.8 Suppression of lactation 4.9 Different method of feeding in special conditions (baby with HIV positive mother, cleft lip/palate etc) 	24 hours (12 hours theory +12 hours Skill Lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion) Group discussion Demonstration Simulation in skill lab	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides video	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		4.10 Breast milk substitute acts and regulation4.11 Baby friendly hospital initiative4.12 Breast feeding Act				
5. Common breast problem and their management	Identify the common disorders of breast and their management	 5.1 Introduction, Causes, Sign and symptoms, prevention and management of common breast problems Abnormal nipple (abnormally large nipple, inverted and flat nipple) Cracked nipple Breast engorgement Plugged duct 	6 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test
6. Care of newborn	Explain physical features and characteristics of healthy newborn Explain the physiological changes of newborn Explain basic needs of the newborn	 6.1 Introduction of newborn 6.2 Characteristics of healthy newborn 6.3 Physiological changes in newborn 6.4 Basic needs of the newborn Established breathing Warmth-(including skin-to-skin) Attachment (bonding) Sleep Feeding Infection prevention Safety and security Elimination Protection from injury and Accident 	18 hours (10 hours Theory+ 8 hours Skill Lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion) Group discussion Demonstration and re demonstration	White Board/ Marker LCD/PPT slides Newborn Model Checklist	Question and answers Skill test Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
7. Normal newborn growth and development	State the steps of newborn examination Discuss essential newborn care Explain danger signs of newborn Discuss traditional and cultural practices related to newborn care Explain normal newborn growth and development	 Immunization Care of newborn Examination of newborn General appearance Vital signs Measurements Head to toe examination Reflexes Essential newborn care Danger signs of newborn Traditional and cultural practices related to newborn care Normal newborn Growth Development 	2 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White Board/Marker LCD/PPT slides Videos	Question answer Written examination
8. Minor Disorder of newborn and their management	Explain the minor disorders of newborn with their management Discuss the referral or transfer system for selected newborn disorders	 8.1 Common minor disorders of newborn and their management Sore buttocks/ Napkin rashes Skin rashes Dehydration fever Physiological jaundice Vomiting Oral Thrush Constipation Engorged breast 	5 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Stuffy nose Pseudo-menstruation Pre-deciduous teeth Meteorism/ baby colic Excessive crying 8.2. Referral or transfer system 				
9. Methods of family planning in postpartum period.	Describe the methods of family planning in postpartum period.	 9.1 Methods of family planning appropriate for use in postpartum period Definition Methods advantages Family planning counseling 	6 hours	Brain storming Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Simulation	Power Point slides White board Real articles	Question and Answers Simulation
10. Discharge teaching	Discuss the discharge teaching of postnatal mother and newborn.	 10.1 Discharge Teaching Nutrition Personal Hygiene Postpartum visit Immunization Sexual education Danger signs (mother and newborn) Family planning 	2 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Role play	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides Scenario	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Internal Assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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HEALTHY POSTPARTUM AND NEWBORN (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM112 Placement: First Year

Theory: 120 hours (4 weeks)

Full Marks: 100

Credit Hours: 4 Pass marks: 50

Course Description

This practicum is designed to provide practical skills from the theory courses of healthy postnatal and newborn. This course will enable students to use knowledge, skill and professional behaviors for the total care of mother and newborn in the hospital, birthing center and home setting. This course mainly focused on normal conditions of postnatal mother and the care of healthy newborns. Students will provide holistic care to postnatal mother and newborn.

Clinical Objectives

On completion of the clinical placement, the learners will be able to:

- Identify and arrange the equipment needed for the postnatal ward in any situation.
- Take a selective history, including details of pregnancy, labour and birth.
- Perform a focused physical examination of the postnatal mother.
- Assess for uterine involution and healing of lacerations and/or repairs.
- Initiate and support early breastfeeding (within the first hour).
- Teach mothers how to express breast milk, and how to handle and store expressed breast milk.
- Educate mother on care of self and newborn after childbirth.
- Educate mother on care of self and newborn after childbirth including signs and symptoms of impending complications, and community-based resources
- Educate a woman and her family on sexuality and family planning following childbirth
- Promote and maintain normal newborn body temperature through covering (e.g., blanket, cap), environmental control, and promotion of skin-to-skin contact
- Give appropriate care including kangaroo mother care to the low birth weight baby, and arrange for referral if potentially serious complications arise, or very low birth weight
- Perform a screening physical examination of the newborn for conditions incompatible with life

- Provide routine care of the newborn, in accord with local guidelines and protocols (e.g., identification, eye care, screening tests, administration of Vitamin K, birth registration)
- Educate parents about danger signs in the newborn and when to bring infant for care
- Educate parents about normal growth and development of the newborn infant and, and how to provide for day-to-day needs of the normal newborn

Teaching/Learning Activities:

- 1. Collect health history and examine the postnatal mother and newborn.
- 2. Formulate nursing/midwifery care plans.
- 3. Provide discharge teaching to the woman and family.
- 4. Provide routine care to postnatalwoman and newborn.
- 5. Provide baby bath to eligible babies.
- 6. Give health teaching according to need of mother and baby.
- 7. Facilitate parent infant bonding for breast feeding.
- 8. Document all the events.
- 9. Establish inter-professional collaboration and team work

Clinical Placement

• Postnatal ward 4 weeks

Evaluation Scheme

Internal assessment (50%): 50 marks (Clinical assessment)

Final examination (50%): 50 mark (OSPE and viva)

Final Exam:

Total Marks: 50

OSPE: 30 MarksVIVA: 20 Marks

Requirements:

After completion of the clinical placement the students will be able to achieve the following requirements:

- Post natal history and examination- 50 cases
- Post natal procedures: As per NNC requirement

- New born assessments: as per the NNC requirement
- Post natal visits at home 5 minimum visits at home and submission of report.

S. N.	Activity	No. of Cases	Marks
1	Daily clinical performance		2.5
2	Perform health teaching	1	2.5
3	Examine postnatal mother	50	5
4	Perform newborn examination of baby	30	5
5	Perform baby bath	5	2.5
6	Support in newborn breast feeding	50	5
7	Perform peri care	5	2.5
8	Assist for helping mother survive (management of postpartum hemorrhage)	10	2.5
9	Provide essential newborn care	50	5
10	Condom Tamponade	5	2.5
11	Implant Insertion	5	2.5
12	Implant Remover	5	2.5
13	IUCD Insertion	5	2.5
14	IUCD Remover	5	2.5
15	Logbook	1	5
	Total Marks		50

SECOND YEAR

Master Plan for 2nd year

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
					Study	Block						Publ	ic heal	lth for	midw	ives		Vaca	ation					Psych	ology
																								& me	ntal
																								health	ı
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52
	1	Study	Block	-		Com	plex p	regnai	ncy			plex L dbirth	abour	and	ı		nplex vborn		and	ı	Revi	ision	Fina	l Exam	

S.N.	Subject	Weeks	Shift	Hours	Weeks Distribution
1.	Public Health & Midwives	6	6 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs	180	
					Study Block = 18 weeks
2.	Psychology & Mental Health	2	Morning (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	
					Clinical Field = 23 weeks
3.	Complex Pregnancy	5	Morning (3 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	90	
			Evening (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	Vacation = 6 weeks
4.	Complex Labour & Child Birth	5	Morning (3 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	90	Revision = 2 weeks
			Evening (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	
					Final exam $= 3$ weeks
5.	Complex P.P. & New Born	5	Morning (3 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	90	
			Evening (2 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	

NUTRITION (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLB201 Placement: Second Year

Total Hours: 50 (Theory 40 hours + Skill lab10 hours)

Full Marks: 50

Credit Hours: 3 Pass Marks: 20

Course Description

This course discusses nutrition; role of nutrition in health; human needs of nutrients across life span; dietary patterns of the Nepalese population and factors affecting nutritional deficits within the Nepalese culture; food preservation; nutritional assessment, nutritional related-health problems including malnutrition and nutrient deficiency diseases and treatments; and nutritional support with modification based on individual differences, family and community context. Students will have an understanding of normal nutrition in relation to maintenance of health and prevention of nutritional deficits and nutritional related health problems within the Nepalese culture.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Describe essential nutrients and consumptions.
- Explain the significance/roles of nutrition on health.
- Determine human needs of nutrients throughout the life span mostly during pregnancy and peripartum period.
- Determine nutrition standards and method s used to calculate food requirements.
- Describe elements of nutritional assessment.
- Identify signs, symptoms, causes and management and prevention of nutritional related health problems.
- Analyze factors influencing nutritional related health problems in Nepal.
- Explain about the measures for food safety and food security.
- Describe the impact of food adulteration on health of mother and fetus as well as newborn.
- Explain process of food preparation and preservation.
- Explain about various nutrition programmes of Nepal.

Course contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Food and Nutrition	Describe relationship between nutrition and health. List the significance/roles of nutrition on health.	 1.1 Definition of nutrition, diet, dietetics 1.2 Relationship between nutrition and health Growth and development Specific deficiencies Resistance to infection Mortality and morbidity 1.3 Main function of food Provision of energy Body building and repair Maintenance and regulations of tissue functions 	4 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board LCD/PPT slides	Question and answer Written examination
2. Nutrients and balanced diet	Describe essential nutrients and consumptions.	 2.1 Definition, functions, classification, sources, deficiencies) Macro nutrient: Protein, fats and carbohydrate Micro nutrient: Vitamins and minerals 2.2 Balanced diet: Definition, Food Pyramid, Constituent for balanced diet 	6 hours	Brain storming Interactive lecture and discussion Group Discussion	White board LCD/PPT slides	Question and Answers Written examination Group presentation
3. Nutritional requirements at different stages of life	Determine human needs of nutrients throughout the life span. Determine nutrition standards	3.1 Recommended dietary Allowances (RDA) for different age groups 3.2 Nutritional requirement for different age group, Pre-pregnancy, Pregnant, lactating mother and children,	10 hours (Theory 6 hours+ Skill lab 4 hours)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	White board LCD/PPT slides	Question and Answers Group presentation

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	and method used to calculate food requirements.	 3.3 Breast feeding Importance of breast milk and alternatives 3.4 Weaning and supplementary food, Preparation, packaging storage and shelf life of weaning food super flour (Sarbottam Pitho) 		Simulation	Real materials Simulation scenario	
4. Nutritional status deficiency disorders	Describe elements of nutritional assessment. List common nutrition related health problems of Nepal. Identify signs, symptoms, causes and management of nutritional related health problems.	 4.1 Nutritional Assessment: Anthropometric: Height, Weight, MUAC etc. Biochemical Clinical Dietary 4.2 Factors influencing nutrition related health problems: Biological factors Age Gender Growth Disease status Genetic makeup Food preferences Non-biological factors: Socio-economic: Poverty, social status, food adulteration/fortification Socio-cultural factors: Religion, Culture, rituals, customs Environmental: 	10 hours (6 hours Theory +4 hours Skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Simulation	White board/ marker LCD/ PowerPoint Presentation Real materials: weighing machine, height measuring device, MUAC tapes.	Question and answer Written examination

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Analyze factors influencing nutritional related health problems in Nepal.	 Availability and distribution of food Sanitation and cleanliness 4.3 Nutritional deficiencies: Malnutrition: Underweight Overweight Stunting wasting Protein energy Malnutrition: kwashiorkor and marasmus Iron Deficiency Anemia Vitamin A deficiency Disorders Vitamin D deficiency Disorder Iodine Deficiency Disorders Calcium Deficiency Disorder 				
5. Nutrition in	Explain about	5.1 Kitchen and Home garden	2 hours	Interactive	LCD/	Question
community	importance of	5.2 Food taboos		lecture and	Power-point	and Answers
	kitchen garden.	5.3 Food storage		discussion Group discussion	Presentation	Written examination Group presentation
6. Food safety and food security	Explain about the measures for food safety food security.	 6.1 Food hygiene and safety Introduction Methods Food Enrichment and fortification Practices in Nepal and its impact on health 	4 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion	LCD/ PPT Slides White Boards	Question and Answers Group presentation

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Describe the impact of food adulteration.	 6.2 Food adulteration Define food adulteration and fortification Various food adulteration practices Public health significance of food adulteration Food act and laws 		Group	Posters/Charts	
7. Food preparation and food preservation	Explain process of food preparation and preservation.	 7.1 Diet Planning: based on Food guide pyramid, my pyramid, My Plate, Activity of daily living and RDA, Food intake 7.2 Preparation of special diet: Normal Diet, Semisolid Diet Liquid Diet 7.3 Methods of Food preservation: Traditional techniques: Curing, Cooling, Freezing, Boiling, Heating, Sugaring, Pickling, Lye, Canning, Jellying, Jugging, Burial, and Fermentation 7.4 Modern industrial techniques Pasteurization Vacuum packing Artificial food additives Irradiation High-pressure food preservation Bio-preservation Hurdle technology 	8 hours (6 hours theory + 2 hours Skill lab)	Brain storming Interactive lecture Group discussion	LCD/PPT slides White board/ Marker Video	Question and Answers at the end of the class Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time Theory + Skill Lab	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
8. Various nutrition programmes of Nepal	Explain about various nutrition programmes of Nepal.	 8.1 National Nutrition Policy and Strategy Multisectoral Nutrition Plan Life cycle approach nutrition /Golden 1000 days 8.2 National Nutrition programme Goals, Objectives and Targets Programme Strategies Control of protein energy malnutrition (PEM) Household food security Improved dietary practices Infectious disease prevention and control Control of vitamin A deficiency Nutrition in emergencies Low birth weight 	6 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion	LCD/Power -point slides White board/ Markers Posters/Cha rts Handouts National protocols books	Question and answers

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks)
Final examination: 40 (80% of total marks)

PHARMACOLOGY FOR MIDWIVES (THEORY)

Course Code No.:PCLB202 Placement: Second Year

Total Hours: 50 hours Full marks: 50

Total Credit Hours: 3 Pass marks: 20

Course Description

This course offers basic knowledge on pharmacology in relation to the fundamental concept of different drugs and the effects on different body systems. The course prepares the students for rational use of drugs in pregnancy, labor, childbirth, postpartum, breastfeeding and abortion services as per the pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, contraindications and side-effects. The legal, ethical and professional frameworks underpinning drug administration and management are discussed in relation to midwifery practice.

Course objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Explain the different terms and terminology of Pharmacology.
- Outline and discuss the legislative and regulatory frameworks that govern the use of medications by Midwives in Nepal.
- Explain the principles of absorption, metabolism, distribution and excretion of drugs
- Describe the mechanisms of action, interactions, contraindications, side effects, rational use of commonly used drugs in midwifery practice
- Describe the administration, storage and doses of drugs commonly used in midwifery practice
- Demonstrate proficiency in performing drug dose calculations.
- Describe essential and emergency drugs list and blood products.

Course contents

Unit	Objectives	Content	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Introduction to	Explain the concept	1.1 Introduction	5 hours	Interactive	White Board	Question and
Pharmacology	of	1.2 Terminology related to		lecture	LCD/PPT	answer
	pharmacodynamics	pharmacology Pharmaceutical			slides	
	and	 Pharmacokinetics 				
	pharmacokinetics.	Pharmacodynamics				
2. Legislative and	Outline and discuss	2.1. Introduction	3 hours	Interactive	White Board	Written test
regulatory	the legislative and	 Legislation governing drug use 		Lecture and	LCD/PPT	
frameworks	regulatory	in health care in Nepal		discussion	slides	
	frameworks that	Regulation of drug supply and			Posters/charts	
	govern the use of	use.		Group	National	
	medications by			Discussion	protocols	
	Midwives in Nepal				books	
3. Physiology	Explain the	3.1 Absorption	6 hours	Interactive	White board,	Quiz
	principles of	3.2 Metabolism		Lecture	LCD/PPT	
	absorption,	3.3 Distribution			Posters/charts	MCQ
	metabolism,	3.4 Excretion of drugs		Group	National	
	distribution and			Discussion	protocols	
	excretion of drugs				books	
4. Commonly	Describe the	4.1 Drugs in pregnancy	20 hours	Interactive	White board,	Written test
used drugs in	mechanisms of	 Nutritional supplements 		Lecture	LCD/PPT	
midwifery	action, interactions,	Laxatives and management of			slides	Group
practice.	contraindications,	gastric acidity 4.2 Drugs and the immune system		Group		presentation
	side effects,	Immunisation		Discussion		
	rational use of	Antimicrobial agents				

	commonly used	4.3 Pre-existing and medical disease in			Simulation	
	drugs in midwifery	pregnancy			scenario and	
	practice	 Hypertension 			checklist	
		• Diabetes				
		Coagulation disordersCardiovascular disorders			Case studies	
		Cardiovascular disorders Asthma				
		Thyroid disorders				
		Epilepsy				
		Malaria				
		• TB				
		4.4 Drugs in labour				
		Pain relief				
		Antiemetics Harmonian				
		 Uterotonics Tocolytics				
		Anaesthesia				
		Corticiosteriods for preterm				
		labor				
		4.5 Drugs and mental health				
		 Antidepressants 				
		Antipsychotics				
		4.6 Contraceptives				
5. Administration,	Describe the	5.1 Drugs Names: types (generic and	6 hours	Interactive	White board,	Written test
storage and	administration,	trade name)		Lecture	LCD/PPT	
doses of Drugs	storage and doses	5.2 Storage of drugs and vaccines:			slides	Group
	of drugs commonly	Cold chain		Group		presentation
	used in midwifery	5.3 Route of drug administration		Discussion	Posters/charts	
	practice	5.4 Principles of drug administration			National	
		(10Rs)			protocols	
		5.5 Documentation			books	

6. Drug calculations	Demonstrate proficiency in performing drug dose calculations.	 5.6 Medication error : definition and prevention 6.1 Method of drug calculation: 6.2 Oral medicines 6.3 Injections 6.4 Intravenous administration 6.5 Vaginal administration 	4 hours	Interactive Lecture Group Discussion	White board, LCD/PPT slides	Quiz MCQ
7. Essential and emergency drugs list and blood products	Describe essential and emergency drugs list and blood products	 7.1 Introduction: List of National essential drugs List of Emergency Drugs 7.2 Blood and blood components (review) Different types of blood products Blood transfusion 	6 hours	Interactive Lecture Group presentation	White Board LCD/PPT Slides National guidelines/ protocols	Question and answer

Evaluation Scheme

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

- Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks) - Final Examination: 40 (80 % of total marks)

References

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- Macdonald, S. & Johnson, G. (2017) Mayes Midwifery (15thed.) Edinburgh, London, UK: Elsevier.
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- WHO (2017) Managing complications in pregnancy and childbirth: a guide for midwives and doctors (2nd ed.) Geneva, Switzerland: WHO.

SOCIAL SCIENCE AND HEALTH PROMOTION (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLG203 Placement: Second Year

Total hours: 50 hours

Full Marks: 50

Credit Hours: 3 Pass marks: 20

Course Description

This course offers an introduction to sociology applied in midwifery. It provides basic information about various dimension of health, wellbeing, social determinants of health, culture and midwife practices, professional skills and ethics, values and human rights relationship between midwife in service delivery and service users and team work and health promotion education in midwifery profession.

Course Objectives

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- Describe concept of Sociology and Anthropology and social determinants of health
- Discuss and analyze the culture and its relation to health and maternal health care practices
- Explain the women status in family life, gender issues in its effects in maternal health
- Describe professional skills and ethics, values and human rights in midwife practices in both community and clinical setting
- Describe the process to lead health service with team work
- Discuss concept and importance of Health Promotion and Education
- Describe various types of methods and media use in health promotion and education program in various setting
- Plan, implement and evaluate behavior change communication program and health education program in various setting.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
1. Introduction to Sociology, Anthropology and social determinants of health	Objectives Define sociology and anthropology and its importance in midwifery Explain the concept of health and disease Describe dimensions of health Explain social determinants of health	Contents 1.1 Sociology and Anthropology: Definition and its importance in midwifery 1.2 Concept of health and disease		Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Brain storming Demonstration	T/L Aids LCD/PPT slides White boards Handouts	Evaluation Question and answers Group presentation
		Housing 1.5. Importance of social determinants of health				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
2. Introduction	Explain importance of social determinants of health Explain culture	 Social determinants predict the greatest proportion of health status variance (health inequity) Social determinants of health structure health behaviors Social determinants of health interact with each other to produce health Introduction to culture and health 	5 hours	Interactive	PPT slides	Question
to culture and health practices	and health practices Describe cultural norms and practices in women's health needs	 practices Local culture and beliefs Culture and religious beliefs, Health care seeking practices of women for maternal health care Traditional and modern health practices (beneficial and harmful) 2.2. Culture norms and practices in women's health needs Cultural norms and practices related to sexuality Culture and beliefs related to birth, family planning and childrearing Traditional practices –Useful and harmful (e.g During Menstruation, pregnancy, delivery and postpartum period) Food taboo during pregnancy, delivery, post-partum period and 		lecture Group work Interactive lecture Brain storming Group work Demonstration	White boards handouts	and answer Discussion and presentation in group
3. Introduction to women	Explain women's status and gender	3.1. Introduction to family life in Nepal	10 hours	Interactive lecture	PPT slides	Question and answers

Unit Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
status in family life and gender issues in maternal healthcare value in Nepalese society and its relationship between family members.	 Women's status and gender values in Nepalese society and its relationship between the status of women in family and their childbirth 3.2. Terminologies Gender, Sex, Sexuality, Gender equity, Gender equality, Gender relation, Gender orientation, Gender identity, Gender Characteristics: Femininity, Masculinity, Gender roles, Sex roles, Gender discrimination 3.3. Status and role of women/Adolescence and girl child in Nepal and its impact in the various life stages: Intrauterine, Neonatal, Infancy and childhood, Adolescence, Adulthood and Elderly 3.4. Gender barriers to accessing health care services Economic barriers: inability to afford health care services; Social barriers such as stigma that attaches to certain illnesses such as HIV/AIDS and deters people from accessing health services; and Health system barriers such as a shortage of health services and health 		Group work Interactive lecture Brain storming Group work Demonstration	White boards handouts	Discussion and presentation in group

d T/L Aids	Time T/L Method	Evaluation
n	5hours Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Brain storming Demonstration on communication and listening skill	Question and answers Group presentation Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
5. Leadership and team work in service delivery	Illustrate different components needed for leadership and team work in service delivery.	 5.1 Networking with health and non-health stakeholders 5.2 Coordination meeting organization 5.3 Advocacy to bring policy with local authority and concerned health authority 5.4 Report writing and sharing to stakeholders 	5 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion Brain storming Demonstration	PPT slides White boards handouts	Question and answers Unit test
6. Health Promotion and Education	Explain different methods of health promotion and educations	 6.1 Definition: Health promotion and Health education 6.2 Importance of Health promotion and health education in midwifery Objectives Principles Contents 6.3. Methods of health promotion and education: Introduction, purposes, advantages, disadvantages and process Individual Group Mass 6.3.1 Individual Method Interview Counseling 6.3.2 Group Methods Small group discussion Focused group discussion 	15 hours	Interactive lecture Group work Interactive lecture Brain storming Group work Demonstration	PPT slides White boards handouts	Question and answers Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
		 Role play Demonstration Field trips Brain storming Panel discussion Problem solving Symposium Seminar Workshop 6.3.3. Mass methods 				
		 Health campaign Advertisement Display board as teaching board Electronic projected aid Lectures Exhibition Media of health promotion and 				
		education Media: Definition, purpose and type • Auditory aids - Radio, - Mobile phone • Visual aids - Black/white board with chalk/marker - Bulletin board - Over Head Projector (OHP) • Audio-visual aids - Multimedia Projector - Television				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
Unit	Objectives	 Video 6.5 Use of methods and media for health promotion and education Criteria for selecting methods and media of health education Feasibility and practicability Nature of audience Peoples attitude and belief Acceptability Subject or purpose of teaching 6.6 Evaluation of health promotion and education Importance Methods/Ways Subject matter Time Technique 6.7 Behavior Change Communication 	allocation	1/L Method	T/L Aids	Evaluation
		 6ntroduction Planning, implementation and evaluation of BCC program in health institution Health education content related to sexual and reproductive health using National BCC strategy 6.8 Communication and counseling Definition Inter and intrapersonal communication 				

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 40 (80% of total marks)

References

- Bista, Dor Bahadur, *People of Nepal* (1972), Kathmandu: Ratna Pustak Bhandar
- पाण्डेय, मधुसूदन, नेपालका जनजातिहरु (२०६०), काठमाडौ : पैरवी प्रकाशन
- खत्री, प्रेमकुमार, नेपालमा मावनशास्त्र तथा समाज शास्त्र (), काठमाडौ : भुँडी पुराण प्रकाशन
- न्यौपाने, गोबिन्द, नेपालको जातीय प्रश्न : सामाजिक बनोट र साभ्नेदारीको सम्भावना (२००५), काठमाडौ : सेन्टर फर डेभलपमेन्ट स्टडिज
- Pradhan HB. (2003). A Textbook of health education, 4th Edition, Educational enterprises.
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- Gartaulla RP (1998). An introduction to medical sociology and anthropology, first edition.
- Dixit M. Culture and taboos on care of mother after delivery among different ethnic group in Nepal.

FOUNDATION OF MIDWIFERY II (THEORY)

Course Code No: PCLM204 Placement: Second Year

Total Hours: 100 (Theory 90 hours+10 skill lab)

Full Marks: 100

Total Credit Hours: 6 Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This course is designed to further development of midwifery student's knowledge, skills and behaviours in providing safe and effective midwifery care for women and their newborn. Additionally, this course enables the student to strengthen an understanding of the role of the midwife, within the community and facility based maternity services, regionally and globally. The student will gain further skills in clinical decision making and reflective practice.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Discuss the development of the professional midwife's role in supporting maternal and newborn health services in Nepal.
- Review the effective communication to enhance team work and inter-professional collaboration.
- Discuss the development of continued self-awareness and ability to be a reflective practitioner.
- Describe the ethics in midwifery and its principles.
- Identify the values and professional behaviors of the midwife.
- Explain the legal issues in midwifery within the context of Nepal.
- Identify stress and strategies for managing stress in professional and personal development.
- Explain the assessment of needs in client care.
- Discuss the regulatory mechanism for midwives in Nepal
- Explore the role of the midwives association in Nepal.
- Describe the ICM global standard for midwifery and its essential competencies for basic midwifery practice.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
1. Role of	Discuss the	1.1. Role of the professional midwives in	6 hours	Interactive	LCD and	Question
professional	professional	national health care delivery system		Lecture and	Power-	and answer
Midwife in the	midwife's role	HP with Birthing centre		discussion	point	
national health care delivery system	in supporting maternal and newborn health services in Nepal Explain the importance of national RH protocols and other tools for	 PHCCs Primary Hospitals- A, B Secondary hospitals Tertiary hospitals 1.2 Role of the Midwife Partnership with women, Education and counselling, Care provider, Manager, Collaborator Researcher, Enumerator etc 1.3 National RH clinical protocol for nurses and midwives and MNH Quality Improvement Tools (QI)— move to L/M 3rd year group decides 		Discussion Experience sharing	Copy of protocol and tools	
2 Figg. 4	MNH.	21 Communication (Province from	0.1	T4 1	D	0
2. Effective	Review the	2.1 Communication: (Review from	8 hours	Lecture and discussion,	Power-	Question
Communication	skills for	Foundation of midwifery I)	(4.1	discussion,	point	and
and counselling	effective communication	2.2. Communication and relationship with women /spouse, family and team.	(4 hours theory+4	Simulation	Simulation	Answer
	in midwifery practice.	Process: Respectful Non-violence	skill lab)	Role Play	scenario	MCQ

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
	Explain the various method of documentation and its importance.	 Therapeutic 2.3 Documentation: Definition, Purposes, principles and importance 2.4 Communication skills in breaking the bad news 2.5 Communication in challenging circumstances Violent situations and clients experiencing bereavement etc 		Documentation practice in the class room Example from OCMC unit	Checklist Interactive lecture Discussion Video show	
3. Inter-professional Collaboration and team work	Explain the importance of interprofessional collaboration for maternity care.	 3.1 Inter-professional Collaboration; Coordination and Team work Definition Importance 3.2 Team work: Definition Team membership Benefits of team working Challenges to building an effective team 	8 hours (6 hours theory+2 hours skill lab)	Iterative Lecture and discussion	Power-point Simulation scenario Checklist	Question and Answer MCQ
4. Self-awareness Development	Discuss the development of continued self-awareness and ability to be a	 4.1 Self-awareness development skills Definition Reflection on practice Developing a reflective portfolio Models of reflection 	6 hours	Interactive lecture Group work	Power point Video	Question and Answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
	reflective practitioner.			Case studies		
	Discuss the steps of midwifery care process. Demonstrate clinical decision making and be accountable for the use of evidence to inform practice.	5.1 Midwifery Care Process(review) Steps of Midwifery Process	(8 hours theory+4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Group Work Simulation	PowerPoint Simulation scenario Checklist	Question and answer Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
		- Assessing the impact of decision making in achieving improvement in client wellbeing				
6. Midwifery ethics and laws	Describe midwifery code of ethics and its principles. Explain the ethical issues related to maternity care.	 6.1 ICM code of ethics for midwives Midwifery Relationships Standards of practice for Midwifery Accountability 6.3 The Professional responsibilities of Midwives Advancement of midwifery knowledge and practice 6.4 Midwifery code of ethics Ethical values and norms Ethical guidelines Ethical issues and dilemma in midwifery Process of ethical decision making 	12 hours	Lecture and discussion Simulation	Power- point presentation Simulation scenario Checklist	Question and answer
7. Legal issues in Midwifery	Explain the legal issues in midwifery within the context of Nepal	 7.1 Legal protection for midwives Concept of Law Common Legal terminologies Liability Negligence Malpractices Assault Battery Bill Crime Tort 	6 hours	Lecture and discussion Case scenario	Power- point presentation	Question and Answer MCQ

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
		7.2 Types of law(Constitutional Laws, civil law, Good Samiterian law and others7.3 Legal protection for midwife				
8. Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation	Describe the adult cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR),	 8.1 Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation: Definition, Purposes, Principles Procedure. 	4 hours	Interactive Lecture and discussion Simulation	PPT slides/ LCD Simulation scenario Checklist	Peer evaluation Written test
9. Perioperative care	Explain the perioperative care of a woman undergoing for operative procedure.	Perioperative care for obstetric operations 9.1 Women preparation: • physical, psychological • Pre- operative medication • Inform written consent • Preoperative teaching • Pre-operative checklist 9.2 Intra-operative care • Role and responsibilities of midwives in operation theatre 9.3 Post-operative care • Immediate care: Care at recovery room • Post- operative checklist • Care during 24 hour • Care in surgical ward • Discharge teaching/follow up care	(10 hours theory + 2 hours skill lab)		Hands out	

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
10. Stress and crisis	Identify stress and strategies for managing stress in professional and personal development	 10.1 Definition: Stress, stressor, crisis, coping mechanism and adaptation Causes and effects of stress for midwife and women 10.2 Crisis and loss Definition, Phases Crisis of separation and loss Methods of dealing with crisismidwives role in stress and crisis 	6 hours	Interactive Lecture Discussion	Power-point presentation Role play scenario	Question and answer
11. Fundamental Human Right	Identify the fundamental human rights and woman's right.	reduction	4 hours	PPT	Leaflets Hands out	
12. Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs	Explain the assessment of needs in client care	12.1Maslow's hierarchy of needs of women • Physiological needs • Safety and security needs • Love and belongings needs • Self - esteem needs • Self-actualization needs	4 hours	Interactive lecture Group Discussion	Power-point	Question and Answers
13. Global Standards for Midwifery	Appreciate the ICM global standard for midwifery	 13.1 ICM Global Standards for: Education Regulation Association Service provision 	6hours	Interactive lecture Group Discussion	Power- point Poster Leaflets	Question and Answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L methods	T/L media	Evaluation
14. Midwifery in Nepal and South Asia	Recognise the challenges for the development of the midwifery profession in Nepal and Asia.	 15.1 Status of Professional midwifery in Nepal and South Asia 15.2 Challenge to the development of the midwifery profession Nationally, regionally and globally. Addressed in Foundation I, so delete from here. 15.3 Future opportunities for midwifery in Nepal- need to move to Professional 	6 hours	Interactive lecture Group work	ICM New letter Power point	Question and Answers
		development, group to decide TOTAL HOURS	100 hours			

Evaluation Scheme:

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
Final Examination: 80 (80% of total marks)

References

- Carter, A.G., Creedy, D.K, & Sidebotham, M. (2017). Critical thinking skills in midwifery practice: Development of a self-assessment tool for students. Midwifery 50: 184-192. Carole, E., & Ransolina, M. (2012)
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PUBLIC HEALTH FOR MIDWIVES (THEORY)

Course Code No: PCLM205 Placement: Second year

Total hours: 150 hours (Theory 126 hours + Skill lab 24 hours)

Full marks: 100

Total credit hours: 10 Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course has been designed to develop necessary knowledge and skills in midwifery practices and make them competent to work independently in public health setting according to the country context to provide care to mother and newborn and refer them to for complication realated management.

Course Objectives

After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Explain dimension and determinants of health
- Explain the concept, elements and principle of PHC including its revitalization after 2000 AD
- Discuss the importance of community based care in relation to maternal and neonatal health.
- Discuss on various types vaccines under NIP program in Nepal and ways of providing these vaccines.
- Describe the various epidemiological approach used in community midwifery.
- Describe the vital and health statistics including its sources and uses.
- Discuss the community participation and process of community diagnosis.
- Explain the concept of health education including methods and media used for health education.
- Explain environmental health and sanitation including water and waste management.
- Describe the global strategy in maternal and newborn health and universal health coverage.
- Explain about disaster management cycle and reproductive health services in crisis.

Course Contents

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Introduction to Health	Explain the concept and determinants of health and responsibility on health	1.1 Concept of health and disease Definition of health, disease and illness by WHO Spectrum of health and illness 1.2 Dimension of health Physical Mental Psychological Social Spiritual 1.3 Social determinants of health (WHO, 2011) Individual lifestyle factors: Age, sex and hereditary factors Social and community networks General socio-economic, cultural and environmental conditions Agriculture and food production Education Work environment Living and working conditions Unemployment Water and sanitation Health care services Housing Importance of social determinants of health Social determinants of health have	12hours	Brain storming Interactive lecture and discussion Small Group Discussion	LCD/Power point slides White board/ markers	Question and answers Written test Group presentation

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Objectives	- Social determinants predict the greatest proportion of health status variance (health inequity) - Social determinants of health structure health behaviours - Social determinants of health interact with each other to produce health 1.4 Public and community health • Definition community health, public health, population health • Definition of community midwife • Goals/Job description of community midwife (Details in third year, Leadership and management for midwives) • Essential competencies for community midwives in Nepal 1.5 Level of prevention • Primary prevention • Primary prevention • Tertiary prevention • Tertiary prevention 1.6 Level of intervention • Individual-focused (personal health) • Community-focused (population or sub-group) • System-focused (policy and law, rules,	allocation	1/L Method	1/L Wedia	Evaluation
		regulations, procedures, guidelines) 1.7 Responsibility to maternal and newborn health promotion				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
2. Primary Health Care	Discuss the elements, principles and role of midwife in Primary Health Care.	 Individual/family responsibility Community responsibility State/National responsibility 1.8 Major roles and functions of midwife in community/public health setting Clinician as a care/service provider Educator Advocate Collaborator Leader Researcher Change agent 2.1 Definition of primary health care 2.2 Elements of primary health care Preventing and controlling health problems Promotion of food supply and nutrition Basic sanitation and safe water Maternal and child health/family planning Immunization against major infectious diseases Prevention and control of endemic disease Treatment of common diseases and injuries Provision of essential drugs Mental health Dental health 	8hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	Power Point Slides White Board/ Markers	Question and answers Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 2.3 Basic principles of primary health care Accessibility of health service to all populations Maximum individual and community involvement in the planning and implementation of health care services Emphasis on service that are preventive and promotive rather than curative only Use of appropriate technology Integration of health development with overall social and economic development 2.4 Role of midwife in primary health care in addressing needs of childbearing women and newborn and their families Service provider Manager Educator Supervisor Trainer Motivator Leader Change agent Facilitator Counsellor 				
3. Midwifery Practice in	Discuss the importance of	3.1 Concept Of Midwifery in Community Setting	10 hours (6hours	Interactive lecture	Power point slides	Question and answers
	community		theory + 4			

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
Community	based care in	3.2 Birth Preparedness and complication	hours skill	Group	White board	class test
Setting	relation to	readiness	lab)	discussion	& marker	
	maternal and neonatal health	 3.3 Antenatal, intranatal, postnatal and newborn care 3.4 Basic emergency obstetrical and newborn care (BEONC) 3.5 Midwifery Care excellence 6 "C": Caring, communication, courage, commitment, compassion, and competent 				
		in practice 3.6 Midwifery service in birth centre				
4. Immunity and immunization	Discuss on various types vaccines available in Nepal.	 4.1 Immunity Definition Classification of immunity Natural immunity Acquired immunity 4.2 National Immunization Programme (NIP) Introduction, types of immunization, target, indication/contraindication, dose, route, side effects and management and national immunization schedule BCG, DPT-HepB-Hib, Oral polio vaccine (OPV), Injectable polio vaccine (IPV), Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV), Measles-Rubella (MR), Japanese Encephalitis (JE), Low dose 	16 hours (10 hrs theory + 6 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Small Group discussion Demonstratio n	Power point slides White boards Real objects/vacci nation on model	Question and answers Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		Diphtheria Toxoid (Td), Human Papilloma Virus (HPV), Influenza vaccine 4.3 Preservation of vaccine • Cold chain maintenance mechanism in Nepal 4.4 Steps of Vaccines Administration				
		 Checking the vaccine Vaccine containers Name of vaccines site, dose/ frequency Preparing baby/client Counseling to mother and families. Checking vaccine for potency (VVM, others) 4.5 Midwife responsibility in immunization 				
		 program/coverage Clinic management: lay out management, queue management, service management Logistic management, vaccine preservation and supply Staff management 				
5. Epidemiology	Describe the various epidemiological approach used in community midwifery	 5.1 Definition of epidemiology 5.2 Epidemiological terms Infection Epidemic Endemic Sporadic Communicable diseases 	10 hours	Interactive lecture Group work	Power point slides White board & marker	Question and answers Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		Non-communicable diseases				
		 Incubation period 				
		• Isolation				
		• Carrier				
		• Fomites				
		 Virulence 				
		 Disinfection 				
		 Sterilization 				
		 Contamination 				
		 Zoonosis 				
		 Nosocomial infection 				
		 Eradication 				
		 Infestation 				
		 Infectious disease 				
		 Contagious 				
		 Pandemic 				
		• Exotic				
		 Epizootic 				
		• Enzootic				
		 Opportunity infection 				
		• Surveillance				
		• Pollution				
		5.3 Concept of disease causation				
		Germ theory				
		 Epidemiological triad: Agent, Host, 				
		Environment				
		 Multi-factorial causation 				
		 Web of causation 				
		5.4 Natural history of disease				
		5.5 Modes of disease transmission				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Direct transmission Indirect transmission 5.6 Epidemiological approach to solve community health problems Asking questions Making comparison 5.7 Steps of investigation of epidemic diseases Verification of diagnosis Confirmation of the existence of an epidemic Defining the population at risk Rapid search Evaluation of the ecological factors Further investigation of the population at risk Formulate the hypothesis Data analysis Writing the reports 				
6. Health indicators and statistics	Describe the vital health statistics.	 6.1 Definition of various health indicators Crude birth rate Crude death rate Morbidity rate Incidence rate Prevalence rate Life expectancy Fertility Rate General fertilization rate Total fertility rate Contraceptive prevalence rate 	8 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Brain storming	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers Presentation of latest health indicators with formula

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Mortality Rate Perinatal mortality rate Stillbirth rate Neonatal mortality rate Infant mortality rate Maternal mortality rate 6.2 Use of vital and health statistics Measurement of state of health Comparison of health status Planning Evaluation Research 6.3 Sources of vital and health statistics Census Registration (Birth, Death, Marriage, Migration) Notification Records Health survey 6.4 Maternal and neonatal mortality and morbidity audit Maternal and Perinatal Death Surveillance Review (MPDSR) 				
	7	Verbal Audit/Autopsy	22.1	-		
7. Health	Explain about	7.1 Concept of health promotion and education	22 hours	Interactive	Power point	Question and
Promotion	the concept of	Introduction	(18hrs	lecture	slides	answers
and Education	health education.	DefinitionObjectives	theory + 4 hrs skill lab)	Group work Demonstratio	White boards	Unit test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	List out the	Principles				
	various health	 Contents 				
	promotional	7.2 Methods of health promotion and				
	medias.	education: Introduction, purposes,				
		advantages, disadvantages and process				
		 Individual 				
		• Group				
		• Mass				
		7.2.1 Individual Method				
		- Interview				
		- Counselling				
		7.2.2 Group Methods				
		- Small group discussion				
		 Focused group discussion 				
		- Role play				
		- Demonstration				
		- Field trips				
		- Brain storming				
		- Panel discussion				
		- Problem solving				
		- Symposium				
		- Seminar				
		- Workshop				
		7.2.3.Mass methods				
		- Health campaign				
		- Advertisement				
		 Display board as teaching board 				
		- Electronic projected aid				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		- Lectures				
		- Exhibition				
		7.3 Media of health education media:				
		Definition, purpose and type				
		• Type:				
		- Auditory aids				
		 Radio, Mobile phone 				
		 Visual aids 				
		- Black/white board with				
		chalk/marker				
		- Bulletin board				
		- Audio-visual aids				
		- Over Head Projector (OHP)				
		- Multimedia Projector				
		- Television				
		7.4 Use of methods and media for health				
		education				
		 Criteria for selecting methods and 				
		media of health education				
		 Feasibility and practicability 				
		 Nature of audience 				
		 Peoples attitude and belief 				
		 Acceptability 				
		 Subject or purpose of teaching 				
		7.5 Evaluation of health education				
		 Importance 				
		 Methods/Ways 				
		Subject matter				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
8. Environmenta l Health and Sanitation	Describe about the health care waste management. Describe solid waste management	 Time Technique 7.6 Behavior Change Communication Concept Model 7.7 Communication and counselling Definition Types Techniques: Inter and intrapersonal communication Influence of cultural and other factors in communication 8.1 Environmental sanitation and its components Definition: Environmental health, Environmental sanitation, Eco health Component of environment 8.2 Solid Waste Definition Methods of solid waste management Burning and tipping Controlled tipping Composting and burial Manure pit Earth worm plant Method of human excreta disposal Service type Non-service type 	20 hours (14 hours theory + 6 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Brain storming Group discussion	Power point slides White boards & marker	Question and answers Class test Group presentation

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Discuss rodent and its control Describe water and water purification	8.3 Transmission of faecal-borne diseases through • Water, food, finger, soil and flies 8.4 Sewage • Definition of sewage • Methods of sewage disposal - Sea outfall, River outfall, Land treatment, Oxidation ponds and Open drainage 8.5 Health Care Waste and its Management • Introduction • Types • Current practices in Nepal and its effect on public health • National Guidelines 8.6 Rodents • Definition • Types of rodents - Domestic rodents - Wild rodents • Control of rodents - Trapping - Rat poisons or rodenticides - Fumigation - Improvement of sanitation 8.7 Water • Define safe and wholesome water • Uses of water - Domestic uses - Public uses				

Unit Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
Describe housing and effects of poor housing	 Industrial uses Agricultural uses Daily requirement of water for a person Sources of water and its impurities Rain water Surface water Ground water Water-borne diseases Biological Chemical Purification of water Large scale Slow sand or biological filter Rapid sand or mechanical Filter Small scale Filter Boiling Disinfection of well 8.8 Housing Criteria for healthful housing Housing needs for human being Physical needs Psychological needs Health needs and Protective need Standards of housing: Site, open space, walls floor, roof, rooms, floor space, doors and windows and facilities 				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Effects of poor housing on health Respiratory infections Skin infections Accidents Mortality and morbidity Rat infestation Psychological effects Arthropods 8.9 Standard of living and Quality of life 				
9. Maternal and Child Health Services	Explain goals, objectives, targets, indicators, strategies, major activities, and constraints regarding national family and child health programme.	 9.1 Evolution of maternal and child health services in Nepal 9.2 Components of Child and Family health programme of the government of Nepal Child health National Immunisation programme Nutrition Community based Integrated Management of Neonatal and Childhood Illness (CBIMNCI) Family health Family planning Safe motherhood and new-born 	14 hours (10hours theory + 4hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Group discussion	PowerPoint slides White boards	Question and answers
		health - FCHV programme - Primary health care outreach - Demography and reproductive health Research				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		- Adolescent sexual and reproductive health				
		9.3 Needs for MCH/CBIMNCI services				
		9.4 Goals of maternal and child health				
		services				
		Perinatal Service (ANC, Labour,				
		PNC)				
		Neonatal Service				
		9.5 Status of Maternal and Child Health of				
		Nepal				
		9.6 Maternal and Child mortality and				
		morbidity and its causes				
		Maternal, perinatal, neonatal				
		Physical assessment Violations				
		Vital signs 9.7 Growth Chart				
		Anthropometric measurement				
10. Basic Health	Describe the	10.1 Basic Health Service, Universal Health	4hours	Interactive	Power point	Question and
Service and	global strategy	Coverage		lecture	slides	answers
Sustainable	in maternal and	10.2 Types of services included in basic			White boards	
Development	newborn health	health services				
Goals	and universal	10.3 Introduction to Sustainable				
	health coverage	Development Goals				
		17 goals for Sustainable Development				
11. Community	Discuss the	11.1 Definition, aims and purpose of	26 hours	Interactive	Power point	Question and
Diagnosis	community	community diagnosis		lecture	slides	answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	participation and	11.2 Steps of the community health diagnosis			White boards	
	process of	process				
	community	 Preparation of tools, techniques and 				
	diagnosis.	work plan				
		 Pre-testing of instruments 				
		Rapport building				
		Data collection				
		Data processing, analysis and interpretation				
		interpretationCommunity presentation				
		 Planning and implementation of the 				
		Micro Health Project				
		Evaluation and recommendation				
		11.3 Components of community diagnosis				
		 Demographic characteristics 				
		Social, economic and geographic				
		characteristicsEnvironmental health and sanitation				
		 Environmental health and sanitation Knowledge, attitude and practice 				
		(KAP) on health and health issue				
		Maternal and child health				
		Morbidity and disability				
		 Availability of health services and its 				
		utilization				
		Community resources				
		Community leaders				
		 Culture and tradition 11.4 Difference between community and 				
		clinical diagnosis				
		11.5 Community participation				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		Conception, approach, types and level of community participation 11.6 Data Collection				
		 Functions and characteristics of primary and secondary data Functions and characteristics of qualitative and quantitative data Purposes and characteristics of census and sample survey Methods of sampling Simple random sampling Systematic (random) sampling Stratified sampling Cluster sampling Multistage sampling Multistage sampling Purposive/convenience sampling Judgemental sampling Snowball sampling Methods of data collection Use of questionnaire Observation with checklist Interview Focus group discussion Participatory Rural Appraisal 				
		(PRA) - Rapid Rural Appraisal (RRA)				

Unit Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	Home visit for the care of childbearing women, newborn and family applying midwifery process a. Introduction, purpose, principles and advantages of home visiting b. Steps in home visiting - Fact finding - Data finding - Planning action with family - Action and health education - Follow up - Evaluation of services c. Bag technique (home visiting bag) - Use and care - Equipments /materials in home visiting bag - Ethical issues in community diagnosis - Data processing a. Application of data processing steps				
	11.7 Micro Health Project (MHP)				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Health needs assessment Felt health needs Observed health needs Real health needs Principles of needs assessment Introduction of a micro maternal and newborn health project Steps of a micro health project Planning of the MHP Implementing of the MHP Evaluation of the MHP Report Writing Importance/ benefits of report writing Components of project report writing Title/Title page Acknowledgement Preface/Forward Abstract/Summary Contents Map/Study Area Project Summary Brief introduction Major findings and discussion Conclusion and recommendations References/Bibliography Annex 				

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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- National nutritional Health Policies and Strategies, 2004, CDH, DoHS, MOHP.
- National reproductive health strategy, 1988, FHD, DOHS.

PUBLIC HEALTH FOR MIDWIVES (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM206 Placement: Second Year

Total hours: 180 (6 weeks)

Total credit hours: 6 Pass marks: 50

Course Description

This practicum offers opportunities to the students for the application of their theoretical knowledge to provide comprehensive health care approach in community level to the individual, family and community. The major focus of the course is on maternal child health and family planning services, environmental health in community setting by emphasizing the principles of primary health care.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Collect data by using family folder then analyze data to find out health problems and needs.
- Plan, implement and evaluate health action and present reports.
- Provide holistic health care to individuals and families by utilizing the local available resources.
- Empower the community participation including service utilization, planning, implementation & evaluation of health program.
- Coordinate with the clinic and nearest health institution for maternal health, child health and family planning services.

Teaching/learning Activities

- Prepare a work plan.
- Collect data by using family folder.
- Analyze data to find out health problems and needs.
- Conduct case study.

- Examine antenatal and postnatal mothers in community.
- Plan, implement and evaluate health action and present reports.
- Provide holistic health care to individuals and families by utilizing the local available resources.
- Provide health teaching to community people.
- Empower the community participation including service utilization, planning, implementation & evaluation of health program.
- Coordinate with the clinic and nearest health institution for maternal health, child health and family planning services.
- Present field report in group.

Assessment Scheme	Cases	Marks
1. Work plan	group	5
2. Family case study (one families) including family care plan	1	5
3. Perform antenatal examination	10	5
4. Perform postnatal mothers examinations	5	5
5. Perform newborn assessment	5	5
6. Health teaching (One)	1	2.5
7. Community diagnosis and Health Action	group	5
8. Field report presentation	group	5
9. Counselling (Family Planning, breast feeding, pre-conception)	5	5
10. Assist birth in birthing center (health institution)	5	5
11. Performance evaluation		2.5
Internal Evaluation		50
Final Examination (Viva)		50
Total		100

PSYCHOLOGY AND MENTAL HEALTH (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM207 Placement: Second Year

Total hours: 100 hours Full Marks: 100

Total credit hours: 6 Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course is designed to provide the knowledge related to basic concept of psychology and human behavior and its implication in midwifery. It also focuses on the various components of behavioral science and its application so that the students can provide effective care to the clients in different settings.

This course focuses on the common psychiatric illness, its causes, treatment and collaborative management of the problem and how to support individual and family at various health care settings. This course provides an understanding of perinatal mental health and prepares the student to be able to identify perinatal mental health concerns and refer pregnant and newly delivered women to the appropriate services.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Explain Psychology and its different branches.
- Review the anatomy of nervous system and its linkage with stress, emotion and mental health.
- Describe Sensation, Attention, Perception
- Discuss emotion, motivation.
- Explain learning, factors of effective learning.
- Describe mental health illness, including different psychiatric disorders and their management.
- Explain substance and alcohol related disorders and their management.
- Describe the maternal mental health problems and the role of the midwife.
- Explain the common treatment modalities for psychiatric illnesses.
- Explain the legal aspects related to mental health in Nepal
- Explain the importance of community mental health services

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Psychology theory	Explain Psychology and its different branches.	 1.1 Psychology Define psychology History and origin of science of psychology 1.2 Branches of psychology Clinical psychology Developmental psychology Child psychology Social psychology Applied psychology 1.3 Implications of psychology in midwifery 	4 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion, Group discussion	White board, LCD/PPT slides	Question and Answer MCQ Written test Group presentation
2. Related physiology	Review the anatomy of nervous system and its linkage with stress, emotion and mental health.	 2,1 Application of physiology Central nervous system (review) Neuron, synapse, and neurotransmitter (re-view) Peripheral nervous system Autonomic nervous sys-tem (review) 	4 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion, Individual/ group presentation	White board, LCD/PPT slides	Question and Answer Written test
3. Human behaviour	Understanding human behaviour	 3.1 Factors affecting behavior Physiological factors-heredity/nature Environment Intrauterine environment Physical Environment Psychosocial Environment Personal habit, interest, will power, conscience 	4 hours			

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		3.2 Body and mind relationship				
4. Sensation,	Describe	4.1 Definition of sensation, attention and	6	Interactive	White board,	Question and
attention and	Sensation,	perception	hours	lecture	LCD/PPT	Answer
perception.	Attention,	4.2 Differentiate between sensation and			slides,	
	Perception	perception		Discussion,		Written test
	_	4.3 Factors affecting perception		Individual/		
		Effect of perception during		group		
		pregnancy and childbirth		presentation		
		4.4 Factors affecting attention				
5. Emotion and	Discuss emotion,	5.1 Physiological and behavioral changes in	6	Interactive	White board,	Question and
motivation	motivation.	emotion	hours	lecture	LCD/PPT	Answer
		 Internal changes 			slides,	
		 External changes 		Discussion,		Written Test
		 Behavioral changes 				
		Emotional development throughout				
		lifespan				
		 Measures to control emotion 				
		5.2 Emotion and its effect on health				
		5.3 Motivation				
		 Achievement 				
		 Affiliation 				
		 Aggression 				
		• Power				
		 Curiosity 				
		Need for status				
		 Need for actualization 				

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
6. Theory of learning 7. Personality and	Explain learning, factors of effective learning Describe personality and	 6.1. Definition, characteristics of learning 6.2. Factors affecting effective learning 7.1 Definition of personality 7.2 Factors affecting personality 	4 hours 6 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion, Individual/ group presentation Interactive lecture	White board, LCD/PPT slides, White board, LCD/PPT	Question and Answer Written Test Question and Answer
intelligence	intelligence	 Physiological factors Psychological factors Social factors 7.3 Assessment of personality Interview Observation Projective technique (Ror-schach's ink blot test, The-matic Apperception Test) 7.4 Definition of Intelligence 7.5 Characteristics of intelligence 7.6 Factors affecting intelligence: Heredity 		Discussion, Individual/ group presentation	slides,	Written test
8. Mental Health	Describe mental health illness	 Environment 8.1 Terminology used in psychiatry and mental health 8.2 Characteristics of mentally healthy person/individual (Normalcy). 	10 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion,	White board, LCD/PPT slides,	Question and Answer Written test

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
9. Psychiatric disorders	Describe different psychiatric disorders and their management.	 8.3 Myths and misconceptions of mental illness 8.4 Historical development of psychiatry 8.5 History of mental health services in Nepal 8.6 Causes of mental illness 8.7 Major classification of mental disorder /illness: DSM-V and ICD-10 (with major sub-classification) 8.8 Components of mental health assessment History Taking Mental status examination (MSE) 9.1 Acute psychosis and Chronic psychosis (Schizophrenia) Definition and Prevalence Etiology Clinical feature Treatment modalities and management 9.2 Definition, prevalence, etiology, classification, diagnostic criteria, clinical features, treatment modalities: Bipolar and Affective Disorder (BPAD) Depression/ Major depressive disorder Mania 	10 hours	Individual/ group presentation Interactive lecture Discussion, Demonstration Individual/ group presentation	White board, LCD/PPT slides	Question and Answer Written test

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
10. Substance	Explain substance	 Generalized anxiety disorder Phobic anxiety disorder Dissociative (Conversion) disorder Post traumatic stress disorder Obsessive compulsive disorders 10.1 Terminologies related to substance use 	10 hours	Interactive	White board,	Question and
misuse	and alcohol related disorders and their management.	disorder: • Abuse, dependence, intoxication, withdrawal, alcoholism, 10.2 Sign and symptoms of substance use disorders • acute intoxication symptoms • withdrawal symptoms 10.3 Alcohol use disorder, alcohol withdrawal includes delirium tremors 10.4 Drug use disorder: • Opioid, Cannabis/ Marijuana and cocaine use disorder 10.5 Prevention and rehabilitation of substance abuse • Treatment modalities • detoxification, • deterrent therapy, • psychological management: counseling, skills training, individual, group and family therapy, Behaviour therapy, cue exposure, behavioural self-control training, CBT, self-help groups		lecture Discussion, Demonstration Individual/ group presentation	LCD/PPT slides,	Answer Written test

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		10.6 Effect of substance abuse during				
		pregnancy and childbirth				
11. Maternal mental health	Describe the maternal mental health problems and the role of the	 11.1 Perinatal mental health: Definition Prevalence 11.2 Range of perinatal mental health: 	16 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion,	White board, LCD/PPT slides, Simulation	Question and Answer Written test
	midwife.	 Pre-existing mental health disorder Depression: antenatal and postnatal Anxiety disorder Tocophobia Postnatal blues Postnatal psychosis Suicide Midwife's role in detection, immediate management and referral 		Individual/ group presentation Simulation	checklist OSCE related to assessment of mental health of a pregnant woman	OSCE
12. Psychiatric clinical management	Explain the common treatment modalities for psychiatric illnesses.	 12.1 Somatic Therapies Psychopharmacology Antipsychotic Antidepressant Anti-anxiety Anti-manic drug (Mood stabilizer) ECT (Electro convulsive therapy) 12.2 Psychological Therapies Individual and Group therapy Behaviour therapy Occupational therapy Restraining 	10 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion, Demonstration Individual/ group presentation	White board, LCD/PPT slides,	Question and Answer Written test

Unit	Objective	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		Therapeutic community/ Milieu				
13. Legal	Explain the legal	therapy 13.1 Mental health policy and strategies of	4 hours	Interactive	White board,	Question and
aspects.	aspects related to	Nepal	i nouis	lecture	LCD/PPT	Answer
	mental health in	13.2 Mental health Act			slides,	
	Nepal	13.3 Rights of the mentally ill person		Discussion,		Written test
14. Community	Explain the	14.1 Definition, purpose of community	6 hours	Interactive	White board,	Question and
services.	importance of	mental health		lecture	LCD/PPT	Answer
	community	14.2 Role of midwives in community in		Discussion,	slides,	
	mental health	prevention of mental health problems		Individual/		Written test
	services			group		
				presentation		

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
Final Examination: 80 (80% of total marks)

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PSYCHOLOGY AND MENTAL HEALTH (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM208 Placement: Second Year

Total Hours: 60 hours (2 weeks)

Total Marks: 50

Total Credit Hours: 2 Pass Marks: 25

Course Description

This course offers the student an opportunity to provide the holistic care for the mentally ill patients. This course also helps to develop skills in taking care of the mentally ill patients. The students are posted in the mental hospital and care the mothers with postnatal mental health problems.

Course of Objectives

On completion of this course the student will be able to:

- Provide care to patients/ families with mental health problems.
- Performs history taking and mental status exams of the patients
- Prepare care plans and provide individual care according to need
- Give health teaching to the mothers according to needs in groups and individuals
- Communicate effectively to teach/ counsel client/ family with focusing on their special needs
- Provide care to the mothers having mental health problems

Teaching and learning activities

- Case study presentation-1 (priority to the mothers with mental health problems)
- Care plan- 2
- Mental status examination- 2
- Health teaching-1

S. N.	Activity	Number of cases	Marks
1	Mental health history taking, Mental state examination	2	10
2	Case study and presentation	1	5
3	Health Teaching	1	5
4	Care plans	2	5
	Total Marks		25

Internal assessment (50%): Clinical assessment 25 marks

Final examination (50%): OSCE (15 marks) and viva (10 marks)

COMPLEX PREGNANCY (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM209 Placement: Second year

Total Hours: 75 (Theory 61 hrs + Skill lab 14 hrs)

Full marks: 50

Total Credit Hours: 5

Pass marks: 20

Course Description

This course provides the in-depth knowledge on care of the pregnant women with risk factors requiring comprehensive maternity care in collaboration with nurses, doctors and other health team members for further management with advance screening test.

Course objectives

Upon the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Identify women at risk during pregnancy associated with medical diseases and pregnancy complications, including the related management.
- Describe hypertensive disorders in pregnancy and the principles of clinical management.
- Discuss bleeding in early and late pregnancy including referral and subsequent management.
- Identify multiple pregnancies including referral and subsequent management.
- Explain fetal compromise, growth restriction, malposition, preterm labour requiring advanced care.
- Describe the obstetrical emergencies during pregnancy and basic life saving measures with BEmONC and CEmONC.

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L media	Evaluation
1. Medical	Identify women at	1.1 Medical diseases associated with	20 hours	Interactive	White board,	Written test
diseases and	risk during	pregnancy:		lecture	LCD/PPT slides	
pregnancy	pregnancy	Anemia, including hookworm		discussion,		MCQ
		infection				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L media	Evaluation
2. Hypertensiv e disorders in pregnancy	associated with medical diseases and pregnancy complications, including the related management. Describe hypertensive disorders in pregnancy and the principles of	 Diabetes mellitus Epilepsy Respiratory disorders Cardiac disease Renal disease, including UTI Thyroid disorders Tuberculosis Malaria STIs HIV/AIDS Hepatitis 1.2 Pregnancy complications: Hyperemesis gravidarum Thrombo-embolic disorders Rh and ABO incompatibilities 2.1 Introduction 2.2 Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: PIH (Gestational HTN, Preeclampsia and Eclampsia) Essential hypertension 2.3 Management of hypertensive disorders 	10 hours (8 hours theory + 2 hours	Case studies Group discussion Simulation Interactive lecture discussion, Case studies Demonstration	Simulation scenario and checklist Case studies scenario Video White board, LCD/PPT slides Simulation scenario and checklist	Group presentatio n OSCE Written test Question and answer OSCE
2 Di	clinical management.	and the midwife's role.	skills lab	Simulation	Case studies	XX *//
3. Bleeding during pregnancy	Discuss bleeding in early and late pregnancy including referral	3.1 Introduction3.2 Early pregnancy:AbortionEctopic pregnancy	12 hours (8 hours theory + 4	Interactive lecture discussion,	White board, LCD/PPT slides Case studies Simulation	Written test OSCE
	and subsequent management.	Molar pregnancy3.3 Late pregnancyAntepartum hemorrhage:	hours skills lab)	Case studies	scenario and checklist	

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L media	Evaluation
		 Placenta previa Abruptio placenta Vasa-previa 3.4 Management of bleeding in pregnancy and the midwife's role. 		Demonstration Simulation	Simulation models: 'Mama Birthie'/Birthing model	
4. Multiple pregnancy	Explain multiple pregnancies including referral and subsequent management.	 4.1 Multiple pregnancy Introduction Incidence Diagnosis of multiple pregnancy Referral Management Complications associations multiple pregnancy, including anaemia, acute polyhydramnios, twin to twin transfusion syndrome, preterm labour Antenatal preparation 	10 hours (8 hours theory + 2 hours skills lab)	Interactive lecture discussion, Case studies Demonstration Simulation	White board, LCD/PPT slides Case studies Simulation scenario and checklist Simulation models: 'Mama Birthie'/Birthing model	Written test Question and answer
5. Fetal compromise	Explain fetal compromise, growth restriction, malposition, requiring advanced care.	 5.1 Fetal compromise: Fetal Heart rate assessment Decreased or excessive Fetal movements Urgent referral 5.2 Fetal growth restriction Symphysis Fundal height & documenting growth Amniotic fluid volume estimation Estimated fetal weight 	10 hours (8 hours theory + 2 hours skills lab)	Interactive lecture discussion, Case studies Demonstration	White board, LCD/PPT slides Case studies Simulation scenario and checklist	Written test MCQ OSCE

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L media	Evaluation
	Describe the	 Referral and subsequent management, including the midwife's role. 5.3 Malpresentation Breech, transverse lie, oblique lie, unstable lie Referral and subsequent management, including the midwife's role. 	12 hours	Simulation	Simulation models: 'Mama Birthie'/Birthing model	Weitten
6. Obstetric Emergency during pregnancy	Describe the obstetrical emergencies during pregnancy and basic life saving measures with BEMONC and CEMONC.	 6.1 Obstetric emergencies during pregnancy and live saving skills Abdominal pain Ectopic pregnancy Eclampsia Abruptio placenta Uterus rupture Shock 	13 hours (9 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture discussion, Case studies Demonstration Simulation	White board, LCD/PPT slides Case studies Simulation scenario and checklist Simulation models: 'Mama Birthie'/Birthing model	Written test OSCE

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 40 (80 % of total marks)

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COMPLEX PREGNANCY (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM210 Placement: Second Year

Total hours: 150 hours Full marks: 50

Total credit hours: 5 Pass marks: 25

Course description

During the clinical placement, the students will be able demonstrate the application of theory to clinical practice when providing care for pregnant women. The students will be working in different health facilities, delivering care for women with complex pregnancy. The students will develop skills in applying the midwifery care process, appropriate referral and inter-professional working.

Course objectives

At the completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Discuss the assessment of risk factors during pregnancy
- Demonstrate the skills to manage the woman who experience hypertensive disorders during pregnancy
- Monitor fetal well-being and identify any deviation during pregnancy
- Demonstrate competence in midwifery care when working with women whose pregnancy experience has become complicated
- Demonstrate a good quality of respect and kindness in care when the childbearing experience becomes complicated
- Demonstrate the clinical skills required to manage obstetrical emergency during pregnancy
- Work well as a member of the inter-professional health team and refer appropriately.

Teaching/Learning Activities:

- Collect health history and examine the pregnant women during pregnancy in different setting.
- Identify risk factors for pregnant women when providing antenatal care and manage referral appropriately.
- Provide collaborative care to the risk women with medical disorders.
- Perform life saving skills- Mgso4, obstetric first aid, referral.

- Assist/manage the pregnant woman who is bleeding: early and late pregnancy.
- Simulation in clinical corner with preceptor.
- Maintain log book.

SN	Activity	No. of Cases	Marks
1.	Antenatal history taking and assessment	30	5
2.	Case study and presentation	1	5
3.	Health education on complication readiness, including danger signs during pregnancy	1	5
4.	Manage severe pre-eclampsia/eclampsia	2	5
5.	Performance evaluation		5
	Total Marks		25

Internal assessment (50%): Clinical assessment 25 marks

Final examination (50%): OSCE (15 marks) and viva (10 marks)

COMPLEX LABOUR AND CHILDBIRTH (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM212 Placement: Second year

Total hours: 75 (47 hours for theory and 28 hrs of simulation) Full Marks: 50

Credit Hours: 5 Pass marks: 20

Course Description

This course covers complex labor and childbirth. This course also focuses on the main causes of maternal and neonatal morbidity and mortality related to childbirth in Nepal. It also help to develop the competencies of the students to identify complications, deal with obstetric emergencies and plan for early referral services as required.

Course Objectives

Upon the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Explain the abnormal patterns of uterine contraction.
- Discuss the management of the malpostion and malpresentation in labour.
- Identify the common complications in labour and their management.
- Identify the obstetric emergencies and provide basic first aid for these emergencies and refer the clients for better treatment according to the national protocols.
- Discuss Basic Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care (BEmONC) and Comprehensive Emergency Obstetric and Newborn. Care (CEmONC)
- Describe the various obstetrics procedures related to labour.
- Describe the birth injuries to mother and newborn and their management.

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Abnormal	Identify the abnormal	1.1 Abnormal Uterine Action	4 hrs	Interactive	White board	Questions
Uterine Action	patterns of uterine contraction. Explain the management of dysfunctional labour.	 Definition Types Uterine Inertia Incoordinate Uterine action Spastic Lower segment Constriction Ring Cervical Dystocia Generalized tonic contraction Precipitate labour Tonic uterine contraction and retraction 1.2 Management of dysfunctional labour. 	(Theory)	lecture and Discussion	LCD Videos	and answers Written test
2. Abnormal Labour	Describe abnormal labour and their management.	2.1 Premature rupture of membrane (PROM) 2.3 Preterm labour 2.2 Prolonged labour 2.3 Obstructed labour: CPD (cephalopelvic disproportion, Contracted Pelvis) 2.4 Post term labour 2.5 Management of Abnormal Labour: 2.6 Induction of labour 2.7 Augmentation of labour	12 hrs (8 hours theory + 4 Hrs simulation)	Interactive Lecture and discussion Simulation	White board and marker LCD/Power point slides Pelvis model	Question and answer Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
		2.8 Delivery of multiple pregnancy				
3. Management of Malposition and Malpresentation in labour	Describe malposition and malpresentation. Discuss the management of the Malpostion and Malpresentation in labour.	 3.1 Malposition Transverse lie Unstable lie Occipito transverse Occipito posterior position 3.2 Malpresentation: Breech presentation Brow presentation Face presentation Compound presentation Shoulder presentation Cord presentation 	16 hrs (10 hrs theory + 6 hrs simulation)	Interactive lecture Group discussion Simulation	White board and marker Power point slides LCD projector, Video, Birthing models, Learning guide	Question and answer Group presentation Check list
4. Obstetric Emergencies and Life Saving Measures	Explain obstetrics emergencies and life saving measures.	 4.1 Concept of Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care: Basic Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care (BEmONC) Comprehensive Emergency Obstetric and Newborn Care (CEmONC) 4.2 Obstetric Emergencies Eclampsia (review) Abruptio placenta Retained placenta: Placenta Accreta, percreta and increta/ Fetal distress 	20 hours (12 hrs theory + 8 hrs simulation)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstratio n/simulation	White board and marker Power point slide Birthing model Mamanatalie Emergency drugs	Question and answer Written test Check list Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
5. Obstetric Procedures.	Describe the various obstetrics procedures related to labour and peripartum	 Maternal Distress: Dehydration and ketoacidosis. Cord prolapses Shoulder dystocia Postpartum Hemorrhage (review) Shock Inversion of Uterus Amniotic fluid embolism Ruptured uterus Hematoma Cervical tear 4.3 Adult resuscitation 4.4 Referral mechanism 5.1 Procedures during Labour Episiotomy Vacuum Delivery Forceps Delivery Caesarian Section Destructive procedures: Craniotomy Decapitation Evisceration Cleidotomy Postoperative care (bereavement and loss) Manual Removal of Placenta 	18 hours (10 theory+ 8 hrs simulation)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration simulation	White board and marker Power point slides Birthing model Suturing model Video	Question Answer Written test Skill test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Methods	T/L Media	Evaluation
6. Birth trauma and its management	Identify birth injuries to mother and newborn	 Correcting uterine inversion 5.2 Procedure during Peripartum Peripartum hysterectomy Uterine and utero-ovarian artery ligation Dilatation and curettage Manual Vacuum Evacuation Culdocentensis and Colpotomy 6.1 Injuries to birth canal: Vulva Perineum Vagina Cervix Perlvic hematoma Visceral injuries Rupture of uterus 6.2 Birth injuries to newborn Injuries to the head: Cephalohematoma, scalp injuries, intracranial hemorrhage Skin and subcuteaneous injury Muscles injury Nerve injuries: brachial palsy, erb's palsy, Klumpke's palsy, 	5 hour (3 hrs theory+ 2 hrs simulation)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration	LCD/Power point slide White Board and marker Poster/picture Suturing model	Question Answer Written test
		Fractures/dislocationVisceral injuries				

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks)
 Final examination: 40 (80% of total marks)

References:

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COMPLEX LABOR AND CHILDBIRTH (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM212 Placement: Second Year

Total hours: 150 hrs (5 weeks)

Total credit hours: 5 Pass marks: 25

Course description

During this practicum period, the students will be able to implicate their clinical skills in relation to review and acquire midwifery theory. They will be working in different health facilities dealing with low and high risk women. The focus of this practicum is the care of women who are experiencing complications in childbirth and on emergency obstetric care.

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate the competency to provide women centered midwifery care to the women throughout the childbirth experience both in normal and complicated situations.
- Plot partograph and interpret the findings, identify early complications and take appropriate action.
- Monitor normal progress of labor and find any deviation.
- Monitor fetal well-being and identify the deviation during labor.
- Conduct deliveries and manage the third stage of labor actively to prevent complications
- Perform neonatal resuscitation
- Repair the episiotomy and perineal tear as needed.
- Exhibit skills in EmONC
- Maintain a good quality of respect and kindness in care when the childbearing experience became complicated
- Provide safe peri -operative care
- Provide support and bereavement care to the women and family during maternal and perinatal loss (stillbirth)
- Counsel the mother and family
- Undertake all required documentation.
- Receive and reflect on feedback from others.

Teaching learning Activities

- Collect history and examine the pregnant women during labor
- Make midwifery care plans
- Provide health education to the laboring mother about birthing positions, pushing and breathing technique
- Monitor fetal well being during labor
- Perform vaginal examination and interpret findings
- Plot partograph and interpret the findings
- Conduct normal delivery in real situation
- Provide immediate essential care to the newborns
- Perform episiotomy during assisted and complicated births as needed.
- Repair Perineal tear/ episotomy as needed
- Provide respectful maternity care to the women during intrapartum period
- Assist/perform vacuum delivery
- Assist/Manage shoulder dystocia
- Assist/Perform Bi manual compression, Aortic compression and Uterine tamponade
- Assist/perform vaginal breech delivery
- Administer magnesium sulphate for management of Severe pre-ecalmsia and eclampsia
- Provide care to the women with retained placenta for manual removal of Placenta
- Counselling bereavement (If applicable)
- Perform/assist Neonatal assessment
- Assist in cesarean birth and Care of woman with cesarean birth
- Assist in Insertion of PPIUCD (if applicable)
- Management PPH and shock

Clinical placement

- Antenatal clinic
- Emergency ward
- Pre labor ward/Antenatal word
- Delivery room
- Birthing Centre

- Postnatal ward
- Operation theatre
- Post operative ward
- Maternal ICU

S.N.	Procedures	No of Cases	Marks
1	Performance evaluation		5
2	Plot partograph and interpret the findings (normal + deviated)	10+10	2
3	Perform/Assist vacuum delivery	2	2
4	Perform/Assist breech delivery	6	2
5.	Management of shoulder dystocia	3	2
6.	Perform/assist Neonatal resuscitation (bag and mask)	6	2
7.	Assist/observe Bi manual compression	2	2
8.	Aortic compression (if possible)	2	2
9.	Assist in cesarean section	5	2
10.	Observe/assist manual removal of placenta	2	2
11.	Uterine tamponade	4	2
			25

Internal Assessment (50%)

Total Mark: 25

Final Exam: (50%)

Total Marks: 25

- OSPE/OSCE: 15 Marks VIVA: 10 marks

COMPLEX POSTPARTUM AND NEWBORN (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM213 Placement: Second Year

Total Hours: 75 hours (Theory 61 hours +Skill lab14 hours)

Full Marks: 50

Credit Hours: 5 Pass marks: 20

Course Description

This course focuses on the major health problems of mother and newborn during postpartum period. This course will help students to gain in-depth knowledge and skill on the assessment and management of complications that occurs in the postpartum period to the mother and the assessment and management of the newborn including resuscitation and care of the sick newborn.

Course Objectives

After completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Explain complications of postnatal mother and newborn and their management.
- Discuss life threatening complications requiring immediate response and specialized care of postnatal mothers.
- Explain newborn major problems and their management and referral.
- Explain newborn complications and their management and referral.
- Discuss recent technology and various diagnostic, therapeutic modalities in management of complications.
- Describe the Care of premature, postmature, small and large including low birth weightbabies.
- Explain the principle of prevention of mother to child transmission of infection.
- Discuss the mourning process following perinatal death including MPDSR.

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
1. Postpartum Complications	Explain the postpartum complications and their management	1.1 Complications that need referral to more specialized facility • Hematoma • Thrombophlebitis • Deep vein Thrombosis • Sepsis • Obstetric fistula • Incontinence of urine • Urinary tract infection • Breast abscess 1.2 Life threatening complications requiring immediate response and specialized care • Postpartum Hemorrhage • Shock(review from Labor) • Embolism • Postpartum Eclampsia • Stroke 1.3 Psychological problems • Postpartum depression, anxiety • Postnatal psychosis	(22 hrs theory + 6 hrs Skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Demonstration Simulation Group discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides MamaNatalie Video Check list	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test Skill test

2	Newborn problems and complications and their management	Explain newborn major problems and their management and referral	2.1 Newborn problems and their management	27 hours (23 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Brain Storming Interactive lecture Demonstration Simulation Group discussion	White board and marker LCD/PPT slides Video Check list Neonatalie	Question and answers Presentation: individual, group Written test Skill test
3.	Premature, postmature, small and large including low	Describe prematurity	 3.1 Prematurity and post maturity Definition Causes Characteristics Management Prevention of complications 	14 Hours (10 hours Theory + 4hrs Skill Lab)	Interactive lecture Demonstration Simulation Group discussion	Powerpoint presentation Charts Posters Videos KMC Set	Question and answers Presentation Internal assessment class test

	birth weight babies	Explain the IUGR Discuss the large for date Describe low birth weight	3.2 Intrauterine growth restriction(IUGR) Definition Causes Types Clinical features Management Prevention of complications 3.4 Large for date Definition Causes Clinical features Management Prevention of complications 3.4 Low birth weight Definition Types Causes Clinical features Management Prevention of complications 3.4 Low birth weight Definition Types Causes Clinical features Management - Kangaroo Mother Care Prevention of complications				re-demonstration
4.	Prevention of mother to child transmission of infection	-	4.1 HIV4.2 Tuberculosis4.3 Hepatitis B and C	4 hours	Interactive lecture Group discussion	Power point presentation Chart paper National protocol and guidelines	Question and answers Presentation Internal assessment class test

5. Mourning	5.1 Maternal death audit	2 hours	Interactive	White	Question and
process	• MPDSR		lecture and	board/Markers	answers
following			discussion	LCD/Power	Internal
perinatal death			Group	point	assessment
			discussion	presentation	class test

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 50

- Internal assessment: 10 (20% of total marks) - Final examination: 40 (80% of total marks)

References

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COMPLEX POST PARTUM AND NEWBORN (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM214 Placement: Second

Year

Total Hours: 150 hours (5 weeks)

Full Marks: 50

Credit hours: 5 Pass Marks: 25

Course Description

This practicum is designed to provide practical skills from the theory courses of complex postnatal and newborn. This course will enable students to use knowledge; skill and professional behaviors for identify, manage and refer the mother and newborn with problems in the hospital, birthing center and home setting.

Clinical Objectives

On completion of the clinical placement, the learners will be able to:

- Assess postnatal mother and newborn.
- Provide postpartum care postnatal mother and newborn.
- Provide care to low birth weight and premature babies.
- Give health teaching according to need of mother and baby.
- Facilitate parent infant bonding for breast feeding.
- Document all the events.
- Establish inter-professional collaboration and team work
- Identify, manage and refer postnatal mother and babies with complications.

Clinical Activities

- Collect health history and examine the postnatal mother during in different setting.
- Examine the newborn.
- Provide routine care of the postnatal mother and newborn
- Plan and Give health teaching according to need of mother and baby.
- Take care of Care of low birth weight, premature babies.

- Facilitate parent infant bonding for breast feeding.
- Document all the events.
- Establish inter-professional collaboration and team work.

Clinical Placement

- Postnatal ward
- MICU
- NICU
- KMC Unit

S. N.	Activity	No. of Cases	Marks
1	Daily clinical performance		5
2	Health teaching	1	2.5
3	Postnatal examination of mother with problem	10	2. 5
4	Kangaroo Mother Care (KMC)	3	2.5
5	Support in breast feeding with feeding difficulties	5	2.5
6	care of mother with cesarean section	5	2.5
7	Assist abnormal child birth	10	2.5
8	Case study and presentation	1	2.5
9	Log book	1	2.5
	Toatl		25

Evaluation Scheme

Internal assessment (50%): 25 marks (Clinical assessment)

Final examination (50%): 25 marks (OSPE 15 Marks and Viva 10 Marks)

THIRD YEAR

Master Plan for Third Year

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Study Block			Leadership &			Sexual & Reproductive				Vacation															
								Mai	nagei	ment				Healt	h for	Mid	wive	S							
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52
Profes	sional	Aut	onor	nous	Prac	tice	(Inte	nshi	p)								•			•	•	Rev	ision	Fina	al
Develo	pment																							Exa	ım
for																									
Midwi	ves																								

S.N.	Subject	Weeks	Shift	Hours	Weeks Distribution
1.	Leadership and Management for	6	Morning (4 weeks x 5 days x 8 hrs)	160	
	Midwives		Evening (2 week x 5 days x 8 hrs)	80	Study Block = 8 weeks
2.	Professional Development for Midwives	2	2 weeks x 6 days x 6 hrs	72	Clinical Field = 34 weeks
3.	Sexual and Reproductive Health	6	Morning (4 weeks x 5 days x 6 hrs)	120	Vacation = 6 weeks
	for Midwives		Evening (2 week x 5 days x 6 hrs)	60	
					Revision = 2 weeks
4.	Internship	20	Morning (10 weeks x 6 days x 6 hrs)	360	
			Evening (6 weeks x 6 days x 6 hrs)	216	Final exam = 2 weeks
			Night (4 weeks x 3 nights x 12 hrs)	144	

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR MIDWIVES (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM301 Placement: Third Year

Total Hours: 100 Hours Full Marks: 100

Total Credit Hours: 6 Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This course provides knowledge about midwifery professional development in Nepal and in abroad in line with midwifery education, regulatory mechanism and professional associations and service provision. The course highlights the issues of midwifery practice and midwives role and responsibilities towards the maternity and neonatal care. It also lead the students towards more thinking about the concept of maternity care, its policies and strategies of Nepal and meet the global midwifery standards.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Review the history of midwifery in national and international context.
- Describe the process for development and strengthening of midwifery education, regulation, association and service provision as per ICM essential competencies for basic midwifery practice.
- Explain about various midwifery policies and Acts in Nepal
- Describe the importance of data management in midwifery.
- Discuss the application of evidence based practice in midwifery.
- Explain the ways of maintaining quality in midwifery care practice.

Course Contents

Unit	Objective	Contents	T/ L methods	T/L r	nedia	Evaluation
1. History of	Review about	1.1 Review from Foundation of Midwifery I	10 hours	Interactive	LCD/PPT	Question and
midwifery in	history of	Midwifery development in		lecture	slides	answers
country and in	midwifery in	developed countries and South Asia		Group	White	
region	country and region	 Professional midwifery education in Nepal 		discussions	boards	
2. Development	Briefly discuss the	2.1 Strengthening midwifery as an	30 hours	Interactive	LCD/PPT	Question and
and	development and	Profession		lecture	slides	answers
strengthening	strengthening of	 Three pillars of midwifery and 				
midwifery	midwifery	service provision				
profession	profession	2.2 Midwifery education				
		 ICM Global standards for midwifery 		Group work	White	
		education 2013			boards	
		2.3 Midwifery regulation				
		 ICM regulation tool kit 				
		 Registration, accreditation, licensing, 				
		regulation, renewing and withdrawal				
		of membership				
		2.4 Midwifery Associations:				
		 International and National 				
		organizations: Introduction,				
		Structure, Function, Policies, Rule				
		and Regulations, Controlling				
		mechanism of following:				
		International confederation of			Leaflets,	
		midwifery (ICM)				

		 Advocacy for Midwives Leadership in Midwifery Unification of Midwives' Voices Nepal Nursing and Midwifery council (NNMC) Midwifery Society of Nepal (MIDSON) Nepal Nursing Association 			news bulletin, Annual reports	
3. Midwifery Policy and Act	Explain about national and international midwifery policies.	 3.1 Midwifery Policy and Act Background and importance Policy and politics in midwifery Midwifery Act in Nepal and other countries. Review of Midwifery policy reflects to SBA strategies 2006 	10 hours	Interactive lecture	LCD/PPT slides Guidelines	Question and answers
4. Data management in midwifery	Describe the importance of research and data management in midwifery Explain research designs, data collection techniques, analysis, report writing and critiques of research findings	 4.1 Data management in midwifery Define common terminologies related to research and data management Registration of births and deaths Literature review related to maternal health Importance of evidence based practice and implementation. Mini Proposal writing in the field of midwifery care Data collection and analysis – very short (descriptive only) Report writing (in brief) 	25 hours	Interactive lecture Group works	LCD/PPT slides	Question and answers

5. Quality	Explain the ways	5.1 Quality midwifery care 25 hours Interactive	LCD/PPT	Question and
midwifery	of maintaining	Quality of Care in brief lecture	slides	answers
care	quality in	Maternal and newborn indicators AAAQ		
	midwifery care.	(Review from Public Health)	White	
		Standard of midwifery practice ICM,	boards	
		WHO Group work		
		National RH protocol		
		On site coaching and monitoring		Written test
		Continuing professional	Protocols	
		development(CPD)		
		Hindering factors for professional	Discussion	
		development		

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
Final examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

References:

- ICM International Code of Ethics for Midwives (2008)
- UNFPA, WHO and White Ribbon Alliance, Midwives Voice Midwives Realities, (2016)
- The Lancet,
- ICM Global Standards for Midwifery Education (2010): Companion guidelines
- ICM Global Standards for Midwifery Regulation (2011)
- www.internationalmidwives.org for ICM core documents

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR MIDWIVES (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM302 Placement: Third Year

Total Hours: 72 Hours (2 weeks)

Total Credit Hours: 2

Full Marks: 50

Pass Marks: 25

Course Description

This course has been designed to place the students in different maternity units, primary hospitals and birthing center to observe, manage and bring changes as needed. This placement enables them to develop necessary skills, knowledge and understanding in strengthening midwifery services and build confidence to work independently in the country context.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Visit and observe various professional associations and submit the reports.
- Work as a team leader in managing a birthing unit.
- Involve and arrange in CPD programmes
- Develop a mini proposal or concept note on improving maternity care within a given template.
- Implement the updated version of maternity services in the facility.

Evaluation Scheme

• Internal assessment (50%): 25 marks (observation visit)

• Final examination (50%): 25 marks

Assign	nment/activities	Number	Marks
	vation Visit at Professional associations and govt. offices related to SRMNAH and the report.		
•	Nepal Nursing and Midwifery Council (NNC)		
•	Midwifery Society of Nepal (MIDSON)		
•	Nursing Association of Nepal (NAN)		
•	Family Welfare Division, DoHS		
•	Nursing and Social Security Division, DoHS		
•	MOHP-Nursing/Midwifery Unit		
•	Midwives lead birthing centres		
•	One stop crisis management centre (OCMC)		
A.	Report writing and presentation of each visit (group)	1	5
B.	Mini Proposal writing (Maternity care)	1	5
C.	Implementation of evidence based maternity care	1	5
D.	Portfolio (Normal and abnormal) from antenatal to postnatal (Journey of pregnancy to child birth)	2	5
E.	Project Work	1	5
Total			25

SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FOR MIDWIFE (THEORY)

Course Code No.: PCLM303 Placement: Third year

Total hours: 150 hours (Theory 113 hours + Skill lab 37 hours)

Full marks: 100

Total credit hours: 6 Pass marks: 40

Course Description

This course has been designed to develop necessary knowledge and skills in major sexual and reproductive health issues in the context of Nepal and make them competent to provide the care to relevent sexual and reproductive health problem at various level of health facility.

Course Objectives

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Explain component of reproductive health.
- Discuss national RH policy and strategies.
- Describe menstrual disorders and their management including referral service.
- Discuss the gynecological problem and its management.
- Explain the management of subfertility/infertility due to female and male causes.
- Explain safe abortion services.
- Outline the provision of family planning services.
- Discuss the different method of family planning available and support for women in decision making.
- Discuss the common gynecological neoplasm and their management.
- Discuss pelvic organ prolapse including its prevention and management
- Explain the causes, prevention and management of obstetric fistula.
- Discuss adolescent sexual and reproductive health.
- Outline preventive recognition and treatment of sexually transmitted infections.
- Explain gender based violence including its prevention and management.

Course Contents

	Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
1.	Introduction to sexual and reproductive health and rights	List out the sexual and reproductive health rights Explain component of reproductive health	 1.1 Definition of Sexual and Reproductive Health and Right 1.2 ICPD conference 1994 and its follow on 1.3 Component of reproductive health Safe motherhood Child Health (Newborn) Prevention and management of complication of abortion Family Planning STI/HIV and AIDS Prevention and management of infertility GBV ASRH Problems of elderly women 1.4 Sexual and reproductive health rights 1.5 Prevention and screening in life cycle approach 	14 hours	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	Power point slides White board& marker	Question and answers Written test
2.	National reproductive health policy	State national reproductive health policy.	2.1 National reproductive health policy, strategy, guideline and protocol	2 hours	Interactive lecture Group discussion	Power point slides White board& marker	Question and answers
3.	Gynecological Examination and care	State different gynecological examination method and	3.1 History takingdetailed historyobstetric and gynecological history	20 hours (12 hours theory+ 8	Interactive lecture	Power point slides	Question and answers Written test

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
	diagnostic procedures	 system wise history 3.2 Physical examination General consideration and positioning Breast examination Abdominal examination Pelvic examination Documentation 3.3 Diagnostic procedure and investigation: Pap smear Visual inspection under acetic acid (VIA) Ultrasonography Colposcopy Endometrial biopsy Cervical biopsy Culdocentesis and culdoscopy Hormone test Tumour markers test and Others 	hours skill lab)	Group discussion Simulation	White board& marker Checklist	OSCE
4. Menstrual Disorders	Describe menstrual disorders and their management.	 4.1 Menstrual disorders Dysmenorrhea Menorrhagia Puberty menorrhagia Polymenorrhagia Metrorrhagia Oligomenorrhea and hypomenorrhea Amenorrhoea Hematometra 	4 hours	Interactive lecture Illustrative lecture Group discussion	Power point slides White board & markers Pictures	Question and answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
Gynecological Problems	Discuss the	 Cryptomenorrhea Delayed puberty Asherman's syndrome 5.1 Gynecological Problems Premenstrual syndrome 	20 hours(12	Interactive	Power point	
Problems	gynecological problem and its management	 Abnormal uterine bleeding: DUB Climacteric changes and its problems: HRT Obstetric/genital fistula Urinary problem in Gynaecology Genital tract injury Pelvic organ prolapse Endometriosis Cervical polyps, erosion Congenital anomaly of reproductive organs 5.2 Pre and post operative preparation Informed consent Pre-operative evaluation History taking and physical examination Laboratory examination Anesthetic and other consultation Psychological preparation 5.2.2 Post operative care Post operative activity Physiological parameters 	hours(12 hours theory + 8 hours skill lab)	lecture and discussion Group discussion	slides White boards/ Markers	and answers Group presentation

	Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
			 Nutrition Fluid and electrolyte management Pain management Incision care Prevention of post operative complications Follow up 				
6.	Sub-fertility and infertility	Explain the management of infertility due to female and male causes.	 6.1 Introduction of subfertility and infertility 6.2 Causes of male and female infertility 6.3 Investigations 6.4 Management and Assisted Reproductive Technology (ART) 	6 hours	Interactive lecture Group Discussion	Power point slides White boards Videos	Question and answers
7.	Safe Abortion Care	Explain safe abortion care	 7.1 Introduction of safe abortion care Safe abortion service Post abortion care (PAC) service Comprehensive abortion care (CAC) services 7.2 Act, policy, protocol and guidelines related to safe abortion. 	6 hours (4 hrs theory + 2 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Group discussion	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers
8.	Common gynaecological neoplasm	Discuss the common gynaecological neoplasms and their management	 8.1 Cervical Cancer Introduction National programme on cervical cancer screening and prevention Diagnosis of cervical cancer Management and treatment 	12 hours (8 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Group discussion Simulation	Power point slides	Question and answers OSCE

	Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
			 8.2 Breast Cancer Introduction National programme on breast cancer screening and prevention Diagnosis of breast cancer Management and treatment 			White board& markers Checklist	
9.	Pelvic Organ Prolapse	Discuss pelvic organ prolapse including its prevention and management	 9.1 Pelvic Organ Prolapse Introduction Burden of the problem Causes Prevention: in general and during birth and postpartum period Screening and grading of the PoP Management and treatment at various level of health system 9.2 Policy and strategy on POP (Current intervention: prevention and treatment from the Government of Nepal 	8 hours (5 hours theory + 3 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture and discussion Group discussion	Power point slides White boards/ Markers	Question and answers
10	. Obstetric Fistula	Explain the causes, prevention and management of obstetric fistula	 10.1 Introduction and definition 10.2 Causes and burden of the problem 10.3 Prevention in general and intra partum management 10.4 Treatment and management 	4 hours	Interactive lecture Group discussion	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers
11	. Adolescent Sexual and Reproductive Health	Illustrate adolescent sexual and reproductive health	11.1 Introduction to adolescent sexual and reproductive health 11.2 Adolescent friendly health services	8 hours	Interactive lecture Group work	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 11.3 Quality improvement in Reproductive Health services in different settings 11.4 Reproductive Health Problems of adolescent 11.5 Male involvement in sexual and reproductive health 11.6 Prenatal counseling for adolescent health problem 				
12. Management of STI/RTI	Explain the management of different types of STI/RTIs.	 12.1 Concepts of RTI and STI 12.2 Different types of RTI/STI 12.3 Management Syndromic management of RTI and STI of male and female problems Referral system 	6 hours	Interactive lecture Group work	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers
13. Gender Based Violence	Explain gender based violence including its prevention and management.	 13.1 Introduction and definition Gender, Sex, Gender equality, Gender equity Gender-based bias, Gender discrimination Gender mainstreaming 13.2 Prevalence and burden of problems 	20 hours (16 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Group work	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers
	Explain gender mainstreaming and gender analysis.	 Types and settings of violence 13.3 Global and national situation of GBV 13.4 Gender based violence (GBV) Factors contributing to GBV Action to eliminate gender-based violence Impact of gender-based violence on women's health 				

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 13.5 Gender friendly environment in health and work place 13.6 Role and responsibilities of midwife in promoting gender equity 13.7 Policy and programme related to gender-based violence 13.8 Obstetric violence 				
		 Concept Burden of obstetric violence Types Respectful maternity care to prevent obstetric violence 13.9 One stop crisis management (OCMC) Concept 				
		 Objectives Importance Counselling and coordination with client and other stakeholders Management of violence Role of midwife in OCMC 				
14. Family Planning	Describe objectives, target, indicator, strategies and major achievement of FP.	 Family planning as basic human rights National objectives, target, indicator, strategies and major achievement of FP Current status of family planning in Nepal and the World 	20 hours (12 hours theory + 8 hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture	Power point slides White boards	Question and answers .

Unit	Objectives	Contents	Time allocation	T/L Method	T/L Media	Evaluation
		 Unmet need of family planning: causes and measures to reduce unmet need Assessment and counselling on FP (CoFP) Control of fertility Decision making and planning Counselling for family planning Access and advocacy on FP 14.2 Methods of family planning 				
	Discuss different types of family planning methods.	 Temporary and permanent a methods for male and female Concept, Indications Contraindication Advantages Disadvantages Side effects Management and referral. Emergency contraception Contraception for adolescent Post abortion contraception Contraception for women over 35 years (Non-hormonal contraception) 14.3 Infection prevention in FP 		Demonstration Simulation & counselling practice	Real objects	

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)

Final examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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SEXUAL AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FOR MIDWIVES (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM304 Placement: Third year

Total hours: 180 hours (6 weeks)

Full marks: 100

Total credit hours: 6 Pass marks: 50

Course Description

This practicum offers opportunities to the students for the application of their theoretical knowledge to provide comprehensive sexual health care services to the individual, family and community. The major focus of the course is on maternal, child and family planning services according to national priority

Course Objectives

At the completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Provide Community based SRH service and continue and refer SRH case per as needs.
- Provide safe abortion service
- Support and manage POP and obstetric fistula
- Provide family planning service.
- Assist Abortion service
- Provide post abortion family planning counselling service.
- Provide health teaching on SRH related issue.
- Diagnose community problems and present in group.

Teaching/Learning activities

- Maintain daily record of clinical activities.
- Provide family planning counseling.
- Provide family planning service.
- Assist/observe IUCD and Implant insertion.
- Assist Abortion service
- Provide post abortion family planning counselling service.
- Provide health teaching on SRH related issue.
- Assist/ observe screening and management of POP and obstetric fistula clients.
- Diagnose community problems and present in group.

Assignment:

Intern	nal Assessment Scheme	Cases	Marks
1.	Performance evaluation	15	2.5
2.	Clinical diary	Individual	2.5
3.	Perform Family Planning counselling	5	2.5
4.	Perform IUCD and Implant insertion	5	5
5.	Perform in safe abortion service	10	5
6.	Perform post abortion care	5	5
7.	Perform health teaching on SRH related issue.	1	2.5
8.	Perform in cervical cancer screening (VIA) test	5	5
9.	Observe/assist and perform postpartum IUCD implantation	5	5
10.	Perform insertion of ring pessary	5	5
11.	Assist safe abortion service (SAS) total	10	5
	 Medical abortion (MA) 5 		
	 Assist surgical abortion (MVA) 5 		
12.	Case study	1	5

Evaluation scheme

Internal assessment: 50 marks

Final examination: 50 marks

LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT FOR MIDWIVES (THEORY)

Course Number No.: PCLM305 Placement: Third Year

Total Hours: 150 (Theory 128 hours + Skill lab 22 hours)

Full Marks: 100

Total Credit Hour: 10 Pass Marks: 40

Course Description

This course is designed to provide the students an opportunity to have a basic knowledge on the leadership and management for midwife. It also provides the knowledge on different level of Health Care Delivery System (national to periphery including the province). The course also focuses on national planning, policies, health information system so that they develop an understanding of the available resources and how health sector is functioning in this area.

Course Objectives

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:

- Explain leadership, management and its principle, functions and process.
- Discuss midwives roles in relation to management in the hospital, birthing centers, and community settings.
- Explain the national health care delivery system in Nepal.
- Explain the national health planning in Nepal.
- Discuss personal and professional development.
- Explain the problems related to maternal and child health in hospital and community setting and their solution.

Course contents

Unit	Specific objectives	Contents	Time Allocation	T/L methods	T/L aids	Evaluation
1. Introduction to Leadership and Management	Explain the principle of management Describe the function of the management Illustrate the different types of leadership Introduce the leaderships theories List the qualities of leader Explain the factors influencing leadership	 1.1 Definition of terminologies: Organization, administration, management, manager, leadership and leader 1.2 Principles of management 1.3 Functions of management 1.4 Types of leadership Autocratic Democratic Laissez-faire 1.5 Leadership Theory Greatman Trait Situational 1.6 Qualities of good leader 1.7 Factors influencing leadership Cultural-social background Education Experience Social, political and economical environment Society's demand for certain types of leadership 	16 hours	Interactive lecture Brain storming Role play Interactive Lecture	Poster Projector White board and marker Hands out	Question
2. Management Process	Explain management process	2.1 Management Process2.2 Assessment	40 hours (30 hours	Interactive lecture	Poster	Written test

Explain the steps of planning. Explain the methods of patient's assignment among the staffs. Explain the various documents used in midwifery service	 Client's needs and problems (Urban and rural situation) Staff needs and problems Staff strengths and limitations Physical resources of the unit Material equipment and supplies (logistic management) Maintenance equipment and supplies 2.3 Planning Prioritize needs and problems Set goals Plan distribution of work activities, scheduling of staff Assignment of client care and other activities Method of assignment: Functional method, Team method, Patient-centered method (case management method) Implementation Implementation and documentation in relation to midwifery Confinement book, Birth certificate, Identification of baby and 	theory + 10 hours skill lab)	Simulation	Projector White board and marker	Oral test presentation of management presentation on method of patient assignement
	relation to midwifery Confinement book, • Birth certificate,				

communication in organization Explain different method of personnel development. Explain different method of staff motivation. Explain the delegation of responsibility in management Explain the supervision and monitoring for subordinates Explain monitoring evaluation and controlling	 Principles of effective communication Role of manager in effective communication Non violence communication Behavior change communication 2.4.3 Personnel development: Morale: Definition, methods to enhance morale Job satisfaction: ways to increase job satisfaction Motivation methods of motivating staffs Recognition and reward Responsibility and accountability Division of work Human resource management Staff development program 2.4.4 Delegation of responsibility 2.4.5 Co-operation, co-ordination 2.4.6 Collaboration and interdisciplinary teamwork 2.4.7 Supervision: Definition, types and importance, Coaching and mentoring 	Interactive lecture	
	1	Group discussion	

Explain the professional development programme. 3. Profession List the criteria of profession Explain the evolution of Midwifery service in national an international level.	3.2 Professional identity; criteria for licensure/ regulation; plan for continuing professional development; business plans for professional	16 hours	Interactive lecture Discussion	Chart paper White board Marker LCD	Presentation on professional criteria Practice on writing professional corresponden ce
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a p b b n n li i i o o n p p c c le	pehavior and legal aspect of midwifery practice to protect both client and midwives. Identify the different national and nternational organization related to midwifery service and practice of midwives. Practice on writing professional correspondence etters	 Nepal Nursing and Midwifery council (NNMC) Midwifery Society of Nepal (MIDSON) Nepal Nursing Association International confederation of midwifery (ICM) Law and Acts: Maternal Child Health, Midwifery service and midwives. Public health act Nepal health service act and Nepal health service regulation, Breast Feeding Substitute act RH Bill MHM Policy 3.7 Personal and professional responsibility of the midwives. Personal growth-Career Ladder and Academic development Professional Growth-welfare and Service development 3.8 Professional correspondence Letter of application Letter of resignation 4.1 Definition 	8 hours	Interactive	White board	
Managament			8 hours	Interactive lecture		
	Explain the causes of conflict			icciuic	&	
	Omnet	4.3 Types of conflict			Marker	
		4.4 Principles of conflict management				

		1		T			T T
		Explain the conflict management process	4.5 Process of conflict management				
5.	National Health Care Delivery System in Nepal	management process Explain national health care delivery	 5.1 Organizational structure of National Health Care Delivery System 5.2 Organogram: Definition, functions of different structure from central to local level Local level: Health post (Birthing Centres, Janata Hospital, primary hospital) Province: secondary hospital tertiary hospital Federal: specialized hospital and academia. 5.3 Developmental partners working on women, maternal and child health, Policies, rules and regulation in delivering SRMNH services Multilateral organizational: WHO UNICEF, UNFPA, WFP, Jhpiego Bilateral agencies: DFID, GIZ USAID, JICA, One heart worldwide (OHW), Population Service International/Nepal (PSI/Nepal) Marie Stop International (MSI) INGOS: FHI, Save the children United Mission to Nepal (UMN) Non-governmental organizations Red Cross Society, Nick Simons Institute (NSI), Sunaulo pariwar 	(16 hours theory + 4 hours skill lab)	Illustrative lecture	LCD Annual report, DOHS	presentation of activity done by EDPs
			Nepal, Nepal CRS company				

			Family planning association of Nepal (FPAN),					
6. National policy a plannin	health plann the w repro and n (SRM Expla care s service Identified descr differ categ perso		Nepal Health Sector Strategy	lab)	Interactive lecture Group discussion	LCD Posters Annual report, DOHS Meta cards	presentation on JD different personnel	of
change/	change proce	•	Definition, Purpose	hours theory +4				

management	Discuss Strategic Problem Solving	 Process (6 Steps of strategic problem solving) Define the challenge Analyze the challenge Establish the goals Generate possible solutions Analyze the solution Implement the solution 	hours skill lab)	Interactive lecture Discussion	Meta cards
8. Health Information system	Identify the health information and communication system in Nepal	 8.1 Introduction 8.2 Classification HMIS DHIS IMIS TMIS LMIS 8.3 Characteristics 8.4 Components 	8 hours Group discussion Interactive lecture	discussion Interactive	Annual report, DOHS
9. Midwifery service management in Disaster (Refer to Public Health for Midwives)	Define disaster Explain the role of midwife in caring women in pregnancy and childbirth	 9.1 Definition 9.2 Disaster management cycle 9.3 Role of midwives in different cycle 9.4 Disaster/mass casualty management plan 	6 hours	Interactive lecture Simulation	
10 Quality improvement in midwifery	Describe quality improvement in midwifery	 10.1 Introduction 10.2 Process 10.3 MSS of primary, secondary and tertiary hospital 10.4 Standard of midwifery service 10.5 Quality indicators for health services 	6 hours	Interactive lecture	

Assessment method: Written Examination

Total Mark: 100

Internal assessment: 20 (20% of total marks)
 Final Examination: 80 (80 % of total marks)

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LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT FOR MIDWIVES (PRACTICUM)

Course Code No.: PCLM306 **Placement: Third Year**

Total Hours: 240 (6 weeks) Total Marks: 100 Pass marks: 50

Credit Hour: 8

Course Description

This course provides opportunity to the students to apply the theoretical knowledge into practical of on leadership and management in midwifery. The students will work as midwife in-charge in the maternity unit/ward of the hospital, birthing centers and other facilities of midwifery service, as well as in community settings and local level health institutions according to Federal structure in order to develop managerial skills as midwife. Students will have observation visit before going to different places for management practice.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this practicum, students will be able to:

- develop capacity of management for midwifey services either in hospital or in community setting according to their selected areas of the practice
- participate in the administrative activities in formation of policy, planning and procedures of midwifery service.
- manage the resource needed for providing SRMNH service throughout the pregnancy, child birh and puperium.
- conduct the continue professional development program (CPD) according to the need of midwifery professionals in health organization.
- maintain the quality of the provided services.
- find out the problems in working area and apply the problem solving mechanism.
- keeps accurate and correct documentation and provides information applying the appropriate methods.

Teaching and Learning Activities:

Hospital Management practicum: Four Weeks

Ward management in hospital: Each student plays a role of in-charge of a ward/unit or the Birthing center as per her exposure area for at least one week and she will perform the following activities:

- Assess, plan and provide care to the mother and child according to their need.
- Maintain good interpersonal relationship, co-operation and co-ordination with different health care team and departments.
- Assign the daily work to the staff and students.
- Supervise the junior students and auxiliary staff who are working with them in the ward.
- Maintain weekly /monthly supplies according to the needs for providing care of the clients in unit.
- Identify the administrative problems in a unit and try to solve them in an effective manner with co-operation and co-ordination of the health team members.
- Identify the structure and functions of the hospital or birthing center where she is exposed for practice.
- Maintain good interpersonal relationship with health team member.
- Supervise the work of the subordinates in the team.
- Conduct planned in service education on the maternal and neonatal health care related areas to staff according to their need.

Community Management: Two Weeks

Each student plays a role being in-charge at local level of health care delivery system i.e. Health post, PHC or primary, secondary, tertiary hospital or the Birthing center as per her exposure area for at least one week and she will perform the following activities:

- Assess, plan and provide care to the mother, neonate and infant according to their need.
- Maintain good interpersonal relationship, co-operation and co-ordination with different health care team and departments.
- Assign the daily work to the staff and student including the home visit for identifying the pregnant and postnatal mothers at home and provide care accordingly at home based.
- Supervise the junior students and auxiliary staff who are working with them in the ward.
- Maintain weekly /monthly supplies according to the needs for providing care of the clients in health care centre.
- Identify the administrative problems in a unit and try to solve them in an effective manner with co-operation and co-ordination of the health team members.
- Identify the structure and functions of the local health care delivery birthing center where she is exposed for practice.
- Maintain good interpersonal relationship with health team member.
- Supervise the work of the subordinates in the team
- Conduct planned in service education on maternal and neonatal health care related issues to staff according to their need.

Total Marks: 100
Internal mark: 50
Final mark: 50

Examination method:

Internal Assessment:

Assignment (Activities) for IA	No.		Marks
A. Hospital/Ward/Birthing center management			
 Management performance evaluation 	1		10 (Individual)
 Conduct in service education 	1		05 (in group)
 Change process 	1		05 (in group)
 Report writing 	1		05 (Individual)
 Problem solving strategy 	1		05 (Individual)
		Total:	30
B. Community Management			
 Administrative /Field management performance evaluation 			05 (Individual)
 Conduct in-service education 			05 (Group)
 Problem solving strategy 			05 (Individual)
 Observation visit 			05 (group)
		Total	: 20

Final Examination:

Total Marks: 50 OSCHE/OSPE: 30 VIVA: 20

INTERNSHIP

Placement: Third Year (Final)

Course Code No.: PCLM307

Total weeks: 720 hours (20 weeks)

Total marks: 200

Total Credit Hours: 24 Pass marks: 100

Direction:

The preparation for autonomous midwife practiceners need more consolidated knowledge and learn more skills and professional behaviours for which, the students' will undertake a 20 week internship in the distant settings in the final year before they sit in the final examination. The clinical preceptor of that health facility will observe her and work collaboratively.

Objectives:

- To develop hands on skill on collection of history and assessment of the pregnant women.
- To perform maternal and fetal wellbeing.
- To work collaboratively within the health team members.
- To educate and counsel the woman and her family for positive child birth.
- To assist in birth of the low risk women in her own.
- To identify the risk women and referral where appropriate.
- To perform the first line management of the women with complex pregnancy and birth.
- To provide culturally accepted care to the woman.

Placement areas and evaluation scheme

S. N.		Name of the Health Facilities	Weeks	T/L activities	Evaluation	
1	1.	Health post with Birthing centre - AN care and counselling - Birthing room /Unit - Management of BC	8 weeks	Self-directed learning in the real settings. Establish rapport with local leaders and health facility in -charge.	Internship report – 100 marks Submission of log book-50 marks (follow the NNC Log	
2	2.	PHCC with Birth centre - AN care and Counselling - Birthing room - Collaborative care	4 weeks	Document all success stories and near miss cases. Other relevant activities as indicated.	Book) Performance evaluation: 25 marks	
3	3.	Primary hospitals - AN care - Birthing room - Collaborative care - Observe OCMC site	4 weeks		Presentation: 25 marks (guidelines available)	
4	4.	Maternity Hospital/ Regional hospital maternity unit - AN care - Birthing room - Collaborative care - Observe OCMC site	4 weeks			
	Total marks		20 Weeks		200 Marks	